Partnership Strategic Assessment Evidence Base Summary Charnwood Borough 2007/08

VI.0 Final Draft

This matrix has been put together using the 'Leicestershire Community Safety Partnership Strategic Assessment Evidence Base 2008' along with the Charnwood Borough crime reduction dashboard 2008/09 (September 2008). Reference to the relevant pages within this report can be found in the bottom right hand corner of each cell.

Issue	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough compared to other problems?	Is the issue deteriorating in Charnwood Borough?	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough compared to other areas?	Is the issue bigger in some communities within Charnwood Borough compared to others?	Community engagement indicates that this is a real concern within Charnwood Borough?	Who is most affected in Charnwood Borough?
Total Crime (Section 4)	-	Yes Charnwood Borough had an overall 3% reduction in total recorded offences, in line with the County reduction over the last five years. However, the reductions over five years in Leicestershire are significantly lower than the national reductions. The total number of recorded offences in Charnwood Borough in the first six months of 2008/09 is higher than in the same period last year.	Yes Charnwood Borough has a total crime rate per 1,000 population above the rate for the County as a whole, but is considerably lower compared to both the Force area and nationally. Compared to similar areas Charnwood Borough has a total crime rate in the bottom (worst) 25% of all similar areas within its group.	Three-quarters of Charnwood Borough residents live within 'urban' areas. The total crime rate within 'urban' areas of Charnwood Borough is considerably higher than the overall 'urban' crime rate for the county. There is a relatively small proportion of residents who live in 'City Living', 'Constrained by Circumstances' and 'Multicultural' communities who are disproportionately affect by crime. 9 out of the 20 areas within the county with a significantly high volume of crime are within Charnwood Borough. 8 of these are in Loughborough, with the exception of Thurmaston North West. However, 6 of the 9 high crime areas had significant reductions in 2007/08.	Respondents in Charnwood Borough are most concerned about the possibility of being a victim of burglary, vehicle crime and physical attack. In general, respondents in Charnwood Borough are equally concerned about crime issues compared to respondents from the rest of the county.	Victims in Leicestershire are significantly more likely to be male rather than female, and aged between 18 and 44. Considering both police recorded and non-recorded offences in Leicestershire, the ethnic profile of a victim is unlikely to affect their likelihood of victimisation. Victims of total crime are much more likely to live in the OAC areas of either 'Blue Collar', 'City Living', 'Constrained by Circumstances', 'Multicultural' or 'Typical Traits', which in terms of the Urban and Rural classification, translates into 'Urban' areas.
pages	-	17 - 18	19 - 21	22 - 27	28 - 30	31 - 3
Criminal Damage (Section 5.1)	Yes Criminal damage offences account for 22% of total recorded offences across Charnwood Borough in 2007/08.	No The number of recorded criminal damage offences has followed a similar trend to the county, resulting in a 5% reduction over the last five years. The total number of recorded criminal damage offences in Charnwood Borough in the first six months of 2008/09 is lower than in the same period last year.	No Charnwood Borough has a criminal damage rate per 1,000 population higher than the county average, and has the highest rate out of the seven districts within Leicestershire. However, compared to similar areas Charnwood Borough has an average rate of criminal damage offences.	Yes The rate of criminal damage offences across the 'urban' and 'rural' areas of Charnwood Borough is similar to the county profile, with a disproportionately high rate of offences recorded in 'urban' areas. The rate of criminal damage offences across the OAC communities in Charnwood Borough is similar to the county profile. A relatively small proportion of all residents (15%) living in 'city living', constrained by circumstances' and 'multicultural' communities are disproportionately affected by criminal damage offences (30%). 8 out of the 16 areas within the county with a significantly high volume of criminal damage offences are within Charnwood Borough. Two residential areas in Loughborough Canal South have volumes of criminal damage at a similar level to the town centre.	No The proportion of respondents in Charnwood Borough who felt that 'Vandalism' was a problem in their local area was similar to the proportion of respondents in the rest of the county. In Charnwood Borough, out of 11 aspects of anti-social behaviour, 'Vandalism' was ranked as the 5th biggest problem, behind 'Speeding Vehicles' and 'Teenagers hanging around on the street', 'rubbish and litter' and 'uncontrolled dogs and dog messes',	Victims of criminal damage in Leicestershire are significantly more likel to be male. There are significantly fewer BME victims of criminal damage offences in Leicestershire considering the total county BME population. Compared to both the total population and to all other victims, criminal damage victims are much more likely to be aged between 30 to 44 years, and are equally unlikely to be aged either under 18 or over 60.
page s	33 - 34	35 - 36	37 - 38	39 - 42	53	54 -

Issue	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough compared to other problems?	Is the issue deteriorating in Charnwood Borough?	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough compared to other areas?	Is the issue bigger in some communities within Charnwood Borough compared to others?	Community engagement indicates that this is a real concern within Charnwood Borough?	Who is most affected in Charnwood Borough?
Anti-social behaviour (Section 5.7)	Yes The number of anti-social behaviour incidents reported to the police in 2007/08 (7,304) equates to more than half of the volume of all recorded crime in the same time period in Charnwood Borough (12,898).	Yes Data for ASB incidents reported to the police has only been available for the last two years so long term trend information is unavailable. The number of ASB incidents reported in 2007/08 is similar to the number reported in 2006/07.	The ASB incident rate per 1,000 population in Charnwood Borough is slightly higher than the county rate.	The rate of ASB incidents across the 'urban' and 'rural' areas of Charnwood Borough is similar to the county profile, with a disproportionately high rate of offences recorded in 'urban' areas. The rate of ASB incidents across the OAC communities in Charnwood Borough is similar to the county profile. A relatively small proportion of all residents (15%) living in 'city living', 'constrained by circumstances' and 'multicultural' communities are disproportionately affected by criminal damage offences (32%).	Respondents in Charnwood Borough are most concerned about the possibility of speeding cars, teenagers hanging around on the streets, and rubbish and litter. The proportion of respondents in Charnwood Borough who believed teenagers hanging around on the street, rubbish and litter, and uncontrolled dogs and dog messes a bigger problem was larger than the proportion of respondents in the rest of the county.	Information about victims of ASB incidents is currently not available for analysis.
pages	43	45 - 46	-	43 - 44	52 - 53	_
Deliberate Fires (Section 5.10)	The number of deliberate fires recorded within Charnwood Borough (270) is relatively low in relation to other offences recorded by the police. However, the potential consequence of these incidents does not allow a sensible comparison with other problems.	No In 2007/08, a total of 270 deliberate fires recorded in Charnwood Borough, compared to 418 in the previous year.	The deliberate fire rate per 1,000 population in Charnwood Borough is similar to the county rate. Other comparable data is not currently available.	Yes More than three-quarters of deliberate fires in Charnwood Borough are recorded in 'urban' areas. This translates to a relatively small proportion of residents living in the 'city living', 'constrained by circumstances' and 'multicultural' communities being disproportionately affected by deliberate fire incidents (32%).	Deliberate fire setting is not an aspect of anti-social behaviour that is currently consulted on.	Details for deliberate fire victims are not currently available for analysis.
Violence Against the Person (Section 6)	Yes Violence against the person offences account for 21% of all recorded offences in Charnwood Borough in 2007/08. However, compared to other districts in the county, Charnwood Borough has a significantly higher proportion of violence against the person offences.	Charnwood Borough, had a 19% increase in the number of reported violence against the person offences during the five-year period significantly above that of the County. The 10% decrease in 2007/08 in Charnwood Borough is in line with the county decrease last year. This results in the district having a significantly higher than expected number of offences when compared to the County in 2007/08. However, the number of recorded violence against the person offences in Charnwood Borough in the first six months of 2008/09 is higher than in the same period last year.	rate in Charnwood Borough is considerably higher than the county rate.	Yes The violence against the person offence rates across 'urban' and 'rural' areas of Charnwood Borough are consistently higher compared to the whole county.	No The proportion of Charnwood Borough respondents worried about the possibility of being a victim of a 'physical attack', although slightly higher, is still comparable to the proportion of respondents across the rest of the county.	Violence against the person victims are significantly more likely to be from BME groups in the context of the whole county population.

	1	T		I		
Issue	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough compared to other problems?	Is the issue deteriorating in Charnwood Borough?	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough compared to other areas?	Is the issue bigger in some communities within Charnwood Borough compared to others?	Community engagement indicates that this is a real concern within Charnwood Borough?	Who is most affected in Charnwood Borough?
Serious Violent Crime	Yes	No	Yes	-	-	Males aged under 30 years of age were four times more likely than average to be
(Section 6.3)	In terms of volume, the number of recorded serious violent offences within Charnwood Borough is relatively small, 70 in 2007/08. However, the scale of the problem is under-represented due to the serious nature of these offences, the emotional cost to the individuals and resources required by agencies to deal with them.	The number of serious violent crimes in Charnwood Borough has remained below 90 per year for the last five years. The number of recorded serious violent crimes in Charnwood Borough in the first six months of 2008/09 is lower than in the same period last year.	Charnwood Borough has a serious violent crime rate similar to the county average. However, Charnwood Borough has a serious violent crime rate in the bottom (worst) 25% of all similar areas within its group.		see violence against the person	a victim of a non-domestic serious violent crime, where alcohol had been a contributory factor.
pages	59	59	60 - 61	60 - 61	28 - 29	72
Assault with less serious injury	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-	Individuals of White British background aged 29 years and under are more likely
(Section 6.5)	Assault with less serious injury accounts for approximately half all violence against the person offences in Charnwood Borough.	Charnwood Borough has had a 45% increase in recorded assault WLSI over the five-year period, which does not deviate significantly from the county trend. The majority of this increase was between 2003/04 and 2004/05. However, the number of recorded assault WLSI offences recorded in Charnwood Borough in the first six months of 2008/09 is above the 3% LAA reduction target.	The assault WLSI rate in Charnwood Borough is considerably higher than the county rate. Also, Charnwood Borough has an assault WLSI rate in the bottom (worst) 25% of all similar local authorities within its group.	13 out of the 27 areas in Leicestershire with a significantly high number of assault WLSI offences are within Charnwood Borough. 3 of these areas have had a significant increase in the number of recorded assault WLSI offences in the last year.	See violence against the person	to be a victim of assault with less serious injury when compared to other types of violence against the person offence.
page s		62	63 - 64	63 - 66	28 - 29	71
Serious Acquisitive Crime (Section 7.1)	Yes Recorded serious acquisitive crime accounts for 18% of police recorded crime in Charnwood Borough during 2007/08.	Charnwood Borough shows an overall reduction of 27% for serious acquisitive crime, which does not deviate significantly from the county reduction. However, in 2006/7 there was a significant peak in the number of crimes, compared to the rest of the county. The number of serious acquisitive crimes recorded in Charnwood Borough in the first six months of 2008/09 is below the 3% Leicestershire Constabulary reduction target.	No The serious acquisitive crime rate within Charnwood Borough is similar to the county rate. Also, compared to similar areas Charnwood Borough has an average rate of serious acquisitive crime.	- See individual section below		
page s		73 - 74	75 - 76	75 - 76	-	

Issue	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough compared to other problems?	Is the issue deteriorating in Charnwood Borough?	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough compared to other areas?	Is the issue bigger in some communities within Charnwood Borough compared to others?	Community engagement indicates that this is a real concern within Charnwood Borough?	Who is most affected in Charnwood Borough?
Burglary Dwelling (Section 7.3)	Yes Recorded burglary dwelling offences accounted for 7% of police recorded crime in Charnwood Borough during 2007/08. Compared to other districts in the county, Charnwood Borough has a significantly higher proportion of burglary dwelling offences.	Yes Charnwood Borough had a 7% reduction in the number of recorded burglary dwelling offences over the last five years. However, this reduction is considerably lower compared to the county (23%), being the smallest reduction across all seven Leicestershire districts. Also, the number of burglary dwelling offences recorded in Charnwood Borough in the first six months of 2008/09 is higher than in the same period last year.	Yes The burglary dwelling rate in Charnwood Borough is the highest out of the seven Leicestershire districts, considerably higher than the county average. Also, compared to similar areas, Charnwood Borough has a burglary dwelling rate in the bottom (worst) 25% of all similar local authorities within its group.	Yes The burglary dwelling rate in 'urban' areas of Charnwood Borough is considerably higher compared to 'urban' areas across the county. The burglary dwelling rates across all communities (classified by OAC) are all higher the overall county average burglary dwelling rate. I6 out of the 21 areas in Leicestershire with a significantly high number of burglary dwelling offences, are within Charnwood Borough. The top 10 burglary hot-spots across Leicestershire are all within Loughborough.	Yes The respondents of Charnwood Borough were most worried about being a victim of burglary when considering the list of eight possible crime categories.	The highest risk group for burglary dwelling are females aged over 66 years and living in the urban and rural classified 'Village' areas. Similarly males of the same age group and living in the same areas are also a high risk target. Both profiles fit well with known targets of distraction burglary. Other high risk groups include females living in city centre areas, classified by OAC as either 'Multicultural' or 'City Living' and aged between 18 and 27 years of age; along with individuals of Black and Minority ethnic background, of the same age and living in OAC classified 'Blue Collar Communities', 'Constrained by Circumstances' or 'Typical Trait' areas.
Vehicle Crime (Section 7.13)	No Vehicle crimes account for I in every 10 recorded offences within Charnwood Borough. However, compared to other districts in the county, Charnwood Borough has a significantly lower proportion of theft from vehicle offences.	No Charnwood Borough had a 39% reduction in recorded vehicle crime over the five year period, a significantly larger reduction compared to the whole county. Also, both the number of theft from vehicle and theft of vehicle offences recorded in Charnwood Borough in the first six months of 2008/09 are lower than in the same period last year.	No The vehicle crime rate in Charnwood Borough is similar to the county rate. Also, compared to similar areas Charnwood Borough has an average vehicle crime rate.	Yes The vehicle crime rates in the 'urban' and 'rural' areas of Charnwood Borough are similar to the county rates. The vehicle crime rate in 'multicultural' communities across Leicestershire is considerably higher than the overall county vehicle crime rate. 5% of Charnwood Borough residents live in 'multicultural' communities. 6 out of the 18 areas in Leicestershire with a significantly high number of vehicle crime offences are within Charnwood Borough, and all are in Loughborough with the exception of Bradgate and Beacon. However, none of the six vehicle crime hot-spots with Charnwood Borough have had a significant increase in the number of offences recorded in 2007/08.	Yes The proportion of Charnwood Borough respondents worried about being a victim of car crime ranked second, after burglary, when considering the list of eight possible crime categories.	The group at highest risk of being a victim of vehicle crime proved to be males aged between 18 and 22 years of age, living in either a 'Town and Fringe' or 'Village' area. However, this profile changes slightly when considering the composite offences that make up vehicle crime. Individuals aged between 18 to 22 years and living in' Village' areas are twice as likely as average of being a victim of theft from vehicle. Whereas males aged between 22 and 27 years and living in the OAC classified 'Blue Collar Communities' and 'Constrained by Circumstances' are four times more likely than average of being a victim of theft or unauthorised taking of motor vehicle.

Issue	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough compared to other problems?	Is the issue deteriorating in Charnwood Borough?	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough compared to other areas?	Is the issue bigger in some communities within Charnwood Borough compared to others?	Community engagement indicates that this is a real concern within Charnwood Borough?	Who is most affected in Charnwood Borough?
Burglary Other	No	Yes	No	No	-	-
(Section 7.8)	Recorded burglary other offences accounted for 6% of all recorded crime in Charnwood Borough in 2007/08. Also, compared to other districts in the county, Charnwood Borough has a significantly lower proportion of burglary other offences.	Charnwood Borough had an 11% reduction in recorded burglary other offences in the last five years. This reduction is significantly lower compared to the whole county (19%). However, the number of burglary other offences recorded in Charnwood Borough in the first six months of 2008/09 is higher than in the same period last year.	Charnwood Borough has a burglary other rate similar to the county rate. Also, compared to similar areas Charnwood Borough has an average burglary other rate.	The burglary other offence rate across Leicestershire is generally higher in 'rural' areas. However, unlike the majority of districts in Leicestershire, the burglary other offence rate in the 'rural' areas of Charnwood Borough is relatively comparable to the rate in 'urban' areas.		
page s	33 - 34	85 - 86	87 - 88	87 - 92	-	-
Domestic Violence (Section 8)	Recorded domestic violence incidents accounted for 14% of all recorded and non-recordable offences within Leicestershire during 2007/08. The British Crime Survey estimates that only 40% of domestic violence incidents were reported to the police during 2007/08. Based on this proportion, the actual number of domestic violence incidents occurring within Charnwood Borough during 2007/08 is estimated at 4,840.	No The number of domestic incidents reported to the police within Charnwood Borough has steadily increased over the past five years.	- Comparable data not currently available	Yes Rates of reporting are approximately twice as high in 'Urban' areas compared to 'Rural' areas. This is compounded in a much lower rate of reporting in 'Countryside' and 'Prospering Suburb' areas of the county.		Victims of reported domestic violence incidents are significantly more likely to be female than male. They are also significantly less likely to be from a BME group rather than White-British and are more likely to aged 18 to 44, and less likely to be under 18 or over 45 year old. Victims of reported domestic violence incidents are more likely to live in urban areas compared to rural areas, and less likely to live in the OAC clusters 'Countryside' and 'Prospering Suburbs'.
page s	107	107	-	109	-	110
Hate Incidents (Section 9)	- Although hate incidents account for only 1% of all recorded and non-recordable offences the extent to which incidents go unreported is not clear.	No Through the Hate Incident Monitoring Project (HIMP) there was a 7% increase in incidents reported across Leicestershire in 2007/08, exceeding the 2.5% target to increase reporting across the county.	No Leicestershire has an average level of recorded racially and religiously motivated offences compared to similar local authorities. Comparable data not currently available for similar districts	Yes Charnwood Borough is the only district which has any considerable concentration of reported hate incidents, primarily within 3 areas within Loughborough.	The proportion of respondents who were worried about being a victim of assault due to sexual orientation, disability, or racism is significantly lower in Leicestershire compared to the rest of the force area. However, the influence of an individual respondents' sexual orientation, disability or ethnicity on their responses to these questions needs to be considered.	Age, gender, and where victims live (urban or rural, OAC Classification) does not significantly influence the likelihood of an individual being a victim of an incident motivated by hate compared to other incidents.

Issue	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough	Is the issue deteriorating in Charnwood Borough?	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough	Is the issue bigger in some communities within Charnwood Borough compared	Community engagement indicates that this is a real	Who is most affected in Charnwood Borough?
	compared to other problems?	Charliwood Borough:	compared to other areas?	to others?	concern within Charnwood Borough?	Charliwood Borough:
Reducing Reoffending (Adults) (Section 10.1) * See section 10.3 for a profile of adult offender needs	-	- Historic data not currently available	No The rate of re-offending within Leicestershire, based on the December 2007 cohort was 7.2%. This rate is below the comparable re-offending rate for Leicestershire Probation Area and England and Wales.	Yes A higher proportion of offenders are resident in the prospering suburbs within Leicestershire. Also, approximately one-quarter of probationers across the Leicestershire Probation area reside in 'Multicultural' communities, although there are far fewer areas classified as 'Multicultural' within Leicestershire.	-	Probationers are significantly more likely to be male, of White British origin and aged 25 to 44. In Leicestershire 8.8% of offenders were of a Black Minority or Ethnic background compared to 24.9% of all probationers within the Leicestershire Probation Area. This will be attributable to the higher proportion of BME residents within the Leicester city probation area.
pages	-	-	117	117	_	118
Reducing Reoffending (Young People) (Section 10.4) * See section 10.5 for a profile of adult offender needs		- Historic data not currently available	Comparable data not currently available	Yes A higher proportion of offenders are resident in 'Blue Collar Communities' within Leicestershire. Also, there are significantly more youth offenders that reside in 'Multicultural' communities, although there are far fewer areas classified as 'Multicultural' within Leicestershire. There is a far smaller proportion of youth offenders resident in both the prospering suburbs and the countryside areas within Leicestershire when compared to the profile of the general population.		Proportionally there are far more male youth offenders than males in the population. Although there are far fewer female young offenders there are in fact a higher proportion of female youth offenders than female adult offenders (21.5% compared to 13%). The proportion of young offenders increases sharply after the age of 13 and continues to disproportionately rise the older the age group. There is a significantly higher proportion of offenders resident in the 'blue collar communities' within Leicestershire. Also, there are significantly more youth offenders that reside in 'Multicultural' communities, although there are far fewer areas classified as 'Multicultural' within Leicestershire.
pages	-	-	-	123	-	122
Drugs	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-
(Section 11)		Following a considerable increase between 2003/04 and 2004/05, the number of recorded drugs offences recorded in Charnwood Borough has remained at a similar level.	Compared to the baseline year, 2007/08, the number of problematic drug users in treatment has increased in Leicestershire, and also within the East Midlands and nationally. The problematic drug user rate per 100,000 population in Charnwood Borough is the highest out of all the Leicestershire Districts.	The proportion of offenders with a high risk of reoffending due to drugs misuse is significantly higher in Charnwood Borough (22%) compared to the overall county proportion (15%).	Respondents in Charnwood Borough ranked the problem of people using or dealing drugs within their local area below the problems of speeding vehicles, teenagers hanging around on the street, rubbish and litter, uncontrolled dogs and dog mess vandalism and drunk and rowdy behaviour.	
pages	-	-	127 - 128	128	129	-

Issue	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough compared to other problems?	Is the issue deteriorating in Charnwood Borough?	Is the issue bigger in Charnwood Borough compared to other areas?	Is the issue bigger in some communities within Charnwood Borough compared to others?	Community engagement indicates that this is a real concern within Charnwood Borough?	Who is most affected in Charnwood Borough?
Alcohol (Section 12)	Yes 8% of all recorded offences within Leicestershire were committed under the influence of alcohol during 2007/08. This proportion rises to over one quarter of all violence against the person offences and one-third of serious violent crimes. The proportion of reported domestic violence incidents where alcohol was recorded as a factor was 36%, which is comparable to the proportion of serious violent offences where alcohol was recorded as a factor.		No Leicestershire has an average rate of hospital admissions for alcohol related harm, compared to similar local authorities. The rates of recorded crime and violent crime attributable to alcohol for Leicestershire are below both the regional and national rate.	There is a significant difference between the proportion of alcohol related offences within the town centre areas compared to the rest of the county on Friday and Saturday between 21:00 and 02:59. Between 21:00 and 02:59 on Friday 61% of violence against the person offences were recorded as alcohol related. The peaks in A & E attendances for assault align to the peaks in violence against the person offences on Friday and Saturday night.	Through community consultation Leicestershire Constabulary have identified tackling underage drinking as a neighbourhood priority in over one-third of the 60 neighbourhood beats across Leicestershire. Respondents consistently ranked the problem of people being drunk or rowdy in public places within their local area below the problems of speeding vehicles, teenagers hanging around on the street, rubbish and litter, uncontrolled dogs and dog mess and vandalism, across all seven districts. Pupil respondents in Leicestershire are more likely to have had an alcoholic drink and to have been drunk than pupil respondents nationally. However, a similar proportion of respondents locally feel that the information and advice on alcohol is good enough, compared to national response rates.	Based on the estimated demand there are serious shortfalls in the capacity of specialist alcohol treatment services within Leicestershire. 40% of all offenders (probation) in Leicestershire have a high risk of reoffending, due to alcohol misuse. Alcohol misuse is ranked the second biggest offender need, after offending information.
page	e s 133	-	131 - 132	133 - 136	137 - 138	139 - 140
Road Safety (Section 13)	Yes The issue of road safety is measurable in two ways: the number of individuals being killed or seriously injured on roads within the county and the perceived level of speeding vehicles within the local area. Both constitute actual or likely serious physical risk to individuals and so should be considered a high level problem.	Over the last five years there is no significant change in the number of people killed or seriously injured within Charnwood Borough. There is also no significant change in the number of children killed or seriously injured within Charnwood Borough.	Comparable data with other local authorities is not currently available.	-	Yes In Charnwood Borough 'Speeding vehicles' was ranked as the biggest problem out of all eleven aspects of anti-social behaviour.	-