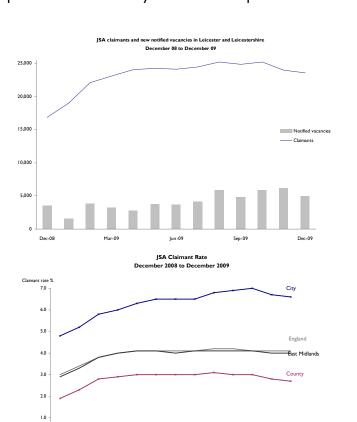
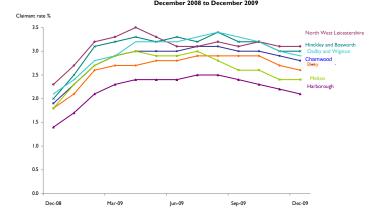
# Unemployment Bulletin December 2009



#### **Recession Summary**

This additional front page provides a monthly snapshot of the economic downturn at a local level. JSA claimants and vacancies are used to exemplify recent change and trends over the past 12 months. Following tables have also been adapted to include monthly and annual comparisons.





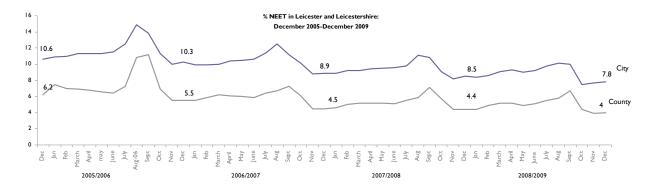
ISA claimant rates in Leicestershire districts

#### Key points

- There were 23,590 people claiming JSA benefits in the sub-region in December 2009; compared to 23,985 in November 2009 and 16,848 in December 2008
- The JSA claimant numbers in November 2009 decreased by 185 in the City to a rate of 6.6%. In the County, claimants decreased by 210 to a rate of 2.7%.
- In the City, Spinney Hills ward saw the
- Gaddesby ward saw the largest monthly increase in JSA rates in the County although Hinckley De Montfort saw the largest increase in numbers. In the City Eyes Monsell had the largest claimant increase (+26).

largest claimant decrease this month (-31 claimants). New Parks and Charnwood wards now has the highest claimant rates of 8.9% and 8.7% respectively.

- In the sub-region, there were 4,934
  notified vacancies in December 2009
  compared to 6,184 the previous month.
  There were 4,104 unfilled live vacancies
  in December. This is a ratio of 5.7
  claimants per unfilled vacancy,
  consistent with the previous month.
- NEET rates increased this month in the City and County. 7.8% of 16-18 year olds in the City and 4.0% in the County were NEET in December 2009.



# Unemployment Bulletin December 2009



# Introduction

The Unemployment Bulletin provides a monthly update of the latest unemployment and benefit data for Leicester and Leicestershire. The data is sourced from Nomis (<a href="www.nomisweb.co.uk">www.nomisweb.co.uk</a>) which contains data from the Office for National Statistics, the Department of Work and Pensions and other official sources. Some figures have been calculated by Leicestershire County Council and where this is the case it is stated in the source.

There are a number of ways of measuring unemployment and this bulletin mainly focuses on the Claimant Count which is a measure of the number or proportion of people receiving Job Seekers Allowance (JSA) and National Insurance Credits at Jobcentre Plus local offices. This is not an official measure of unemployment but it is the only indicative statistic available for areas smaller than Local Authorities.

Official estimates of unemployment in the UK are obtained from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) using the internationally agreed International Labour Organisation (ILO) definition. The ILO definition is based on the number of people without jobs who are looking for work and are available to start work (and includes people whether or not they are eligible to received unemployment related benefits). The LFS unemployment figures which are subject to sampling differences are not reliable at small areas. The Claimant Count is released on a monthly basis and is available down to ward level, so is used as a more current indicator of unemployment levels. Using the two sources together provides a more comprehensive picture of the labour market.

There is a large degree of overlap between the Claimant Count and Unemployment (LFS ILO definition) although the latter figures are generally higher. People who are not claimants can appear among the unemployed if they are not entitled to unemployment related benefits. Similarly, claimants of unemployment related benefits may not appear in the measure of unemployment if they stated that they are not seeking or are not available to start work.

Tables I to 7 use Claimant Count data and Table 8 shows the Unemployment (LFS ILO definition) figures.

Table I: Resident-Based Claimant Count (JSA) Proportions: December 2009

Area	Claimant Count Pro- portion (working age)		Total Claimant Count	Change since last month	Change since last year	Previous months Proportion (change)	Previous years Proportion (change)	
	Total	Male	Female					
Leicester Shire	4.0%	5.5%	2.3%	23,590	-395	6,742	4.1%(-0.1)	2.9%(1.1)
Leicestershire County	2.7%	3.7%	1.6%	10,967	-210	3,331	2.8%(-0.1)	1.9%(0.8)
Leicester City	6.6%	9.2%	3.7%	12,623	-185	3,411	6.7%(-0.1)	4.8%(1.8)
Rutland	1.7%	2.0%	1.2%	378	0	155	1.7%(0.0)	1.0%(0.7)
East Midlands	4.0%	5.6%	2.3%	110,063	161	29,780	4.0%(0.0)	2.9%(1.1)
UK	4.1%	5.8%	2.3%	1,567,005	-2,441	413,677	4.1%(0.0)	3.0%(1.1)

Source: Office for National Statistics (Nomis)

Note: Leicester Shire comprises the areas of Leicestershire County and Leicester City only.

National Statistics will release the January 2010 unemployment figures on Wednesday 17th February 2010.

Archived Unemployment Bulletins and other reports produced by Leicestershire County Council are available on the Leicestershire Statistics and Research Online website, <a href="https://www.lsr-online.org">www.lsr-online.org</a>

Table 2: Resident-Based Claimant Count (JSA) Proportions: December 2009.

Districts	Claimant Count Proportion (working age)	Total Claimant Count	Total last month	Total last year	Previous months Proportion (change)	Previous years Proportion (change)
NW Leicestershire	3.1%	1,693	1,704	1,289	3.1%(0.0)	2.3%(0.8)
Hinckley & Bosworth	3.0%	1,970	1,957	1,322	3.0%(0.0)	2.0%(1.0)
Oadby & Wigston	2.9%	999	1,047	727	3.0%(-0.1)	2.1%(0.8)
Charnwood	2.8%	3,058	3,135	2,052	2.9%(-0.1)	1.9%(0.9)
Blaby	2.6%	1,471	1,512	1,018	2.7%(-0.1)	1.8%(0.8)
Melton	2.4%	728	719	534	2.4%(0.0)	1.8%(0.6)
Harborough	2.1%	1,048	1,103	694	2.3%(-0.2)	1.4%(0.7)

Source: Office for National Statistics (Nomis)

Table 3: Resident-Based Claimant Count (JSA) Proportions: in Market Towns; December 2009.

Market Towns	Claimant Count Proportion (working age)	Total Claimant Count	Previous months Proportion (change)	Previous years Proportion (change)
Hinckley (inc. Burbage & Earl Shilton)	3.6%	1,233	3.5%(0.1)	2.5%(1.1)
Coalville	3.4%	756	3.5%(-0.1)	3.0%(0.4)
Loughborough (including Hathern)	3.1%	1,372	3.2%(-0.1)	2.4%(0.7)
Wigston	2.9%	440	3.0%(-0.1)	2.1%(0.8)
Melton Mowbray	2.9%	469	2.9%(0.0)	2.1%(0.8)
Ashby de la Zouch	2.4%	172	2.6%(-0.2)	1.8%(0.6)
Oadby	2.4%	339	2.5%(-0.1)	1.8%(1.6)
Market Harborough	2.4%	311	2.5%(-0.1)	2.0%(0.4)
Oakham	1.8%	116	1.8%(0.0)	1.8%(0.0)

Source: Office for National Statistics (Nomis); Market Town geographies defined by Leicestershire County Council and figures calculated using ONS Claimant Count (JSA) figures and denominators

Table 4: Claimant Count (JSA) by Age and Duration; December 2009.

		18-24 years old Over 25 years old						
	Up to 6	6-12	13-18	Over 18	Up to 6	6-12	13-18	Over 18
Area	months	months	months	months	months	months	months	months
Blaby	315	95	20	0	630	245	105	60
Charnwood	720	175	35	5	1,245	530	215	105
Harborough	240	50	10	0	495	155	60	30
Hinckley & Bosworth	460	110	20	0	840	325	130	75
Melton	170	35	10	0	325	110	55	25
NW Leicestershire	435	70	25	0	755	230	115	55
Oadby & Wigston	215	75	10	0	400	160	90	45
Leicester City	2,650	890	175	15	4,415	2,360	1,170	895
Leicestershire County	2,560	610	135	10	4,690	1,755	765	390
Rutland	95	15	5	0	180	60	15	10
Leicester Shire	5,210	1,500	310	25	9,105	4,115	1,935	1,285

Source: Office for National Statistics (Nomis) Note: Figures are rounded to the nearest 5.

#### Claimant Count (JSA) by Ethnicity

JSA benefit data have been published by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) for many years as a key labour market indicator. In November 2006 ONS published JSA claimant data by ethnicity for the first time. The data is available for the detailed ethnic groups down to Local Authority level and is backdated to April 2005.

JSA claimant data by ethnicity has been included in Tables 5, 6, and 7 of this bulletin. The JSA data by ethnicity used in these table is a month in arrears of the other Claimant Count data in the other tables in the bulletin. For more information, please see; <a href="https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/articles/news/files/DWP">www.nomisweb.co.uk/articles/news/files/DWP</a> Ethnicity JSA.pdf

Table 5: Claimant County (JSA) by Ethnicity; October 2009.

Area	White	Mixed	Black or Black British	Asian or Asian British	Chinese or Other Ethnic Group	'Non White'	Prefer not to say / Unknown
Blaby	1,385	25	25	115	15	180	85
Charnwood	2,715	40	25	270	55	390	190
Harborough	1,020	10	5	35	5	55	80
Hinckley & Bosworth	1,700	15	5	20	15	55	325
Melton	740	5	5	5	0	10	25
NW Leicestershire	1,640	10	5	5	0	25	80
Oadby & Wigston	810	25	20	210	10	265	50
Leicester City	7,020	385	1,190	3,645	355	5,575	805
Leicestershire County	10,015	135	90	655	95	975	830
Leicester Shire	17,035	520	1,275	4,305	450	6,550	1,640
						·	
East Midlands	91,325	1,895	3,990	6,425	1,230	13,540	6,465
Great Britain	1,202,805	24,970	85,045	80,635	26,695	217,345	104,555

Note: Figures are rounded to the nearest 5. Sources: Office for National Statistics (Nomis)

Table 6: Resident-based Claimant Count (JSA) Proportions by Ethnicity; October 2009.

Area	White	Mixed	Black or Black British	Asian or Asian British	Chinese or Other Ethnic Group	'Non White'
Blaby	1.6%	2.3%	3.1%	2.9%	2.5%	2.8%
Charnwood	1.9%	2.1%	1.8%	2.5%	1.9%	2.3%
Harborough	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%	1.8%	1.3%	1.5%
Hinckley & Bosworth	1.7%	1.7%	1.3%	0.8%	3.0%	1.3%
Melton	1.6%	1.7%	2.5%	0.8%	0.0%	0.8%
NW Leicestershire	1.9%	1.4%	1.3%	0.4%	0.0%	0.9%
Oadby & Wigston	1.7%	3.1%	2.5%	2.8%	1.7%	2.7%
Leicester City	3.9%	5.4%	9.6%	4.3%	9.3%	5.2%
Leicestershire County	1.7%	2.1%	2.1%	2.3%	1.8%	2.2%
Leicester Shire	2.2%	3.9%	7.6%	3.8%	4.9%	4.3%
East Midlands	2.3%	3.4%	6.9%	3.2%	3.2%	3.8%

Source: Office for National Statistics (Nomis). Proportions calculated by Leicestershire County Council using ONS mid-2005 experimental estimates of population by ethnic group, published October 2007

Table 7: Claimant Count (JSA) by Ethnicity, Gender and Age; October 2009.

					Ma	le			Fen	nale	
	Total	Previous month	Previous year	Aged <18	Aged 18-24	Aged 25-49	Aged 50+	Aged < 18	Aged 18-24	Aged 25-49	Aged 50+
Leicester Shire											
'White'	17,035	16,780	9,430	45	3,665	6,540	2,150	25	1,730	2,115	765
'Non-white'	6,555	6,447	4,030	5	1,190	2,630	650	5	720	1,005	350
Leicester City											
'White'	7,025	6,825	4,320	30	1,560	2,845	775	20	690	835	270
'Non-white'	5,570	5,475	3,540	5	1,005	2,285	545	0	600	830	300
Leicestershire County											
'White'	10,015	9,960	5,105	20	2,105	3,695	1,370	5	1,045	1,280	495
'Non-white'	975	985	495	0	185	345	105	0	120	170	50

Source: Office for National Statistics (Nomis)

#### Unemployment: International Labour Organisation (ILO) Definition

Official estimates of unemployment in the UK are obtained from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) using the internationally agreed International Labour Organisation (ILO) definition. The ILO definition is based on the number of people without jobs who are looking for and available to start work. The LFS unemployment figures which are subject to sampling differences are not available for smaller areas. The Claimant Count is released on a monthly basis and is available down to ward level, so is used as a more current indicator of unemployment levels.

Table 8: Unemployment Rates: ILO Definition; July 2007 - June 2009

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		_	
	July 2008 - June 2009		July 2007 - June 2008	
Area	ILO Unemploy- ment Rate (working age)	Total Persons ILO Unem- ployed	ILO Unemployment Rate (working age)	Total Persons ILO Unemployed
United Kingdom	7.0%	2,095,900	5.3%	1,572,400
East Midlands	7.0%	155,500	5.5%	121,000
Leicester Shire	7.5%	35,400	6.3%	29,700
Leicester City	12.8%	17,900	11.6%	16,200
Leicestershire County	5.3%	17,500	4.1%	13,400

Source: Labour Force Survey/Annual Population Survey, Office for National Statistics (Nomis)

# Other Department for Work and Pensions Benefits Statistics

Job Seekers Allowance is one of a number of types of benefit which is related to worklessness, and recipients of this benefit constitute the most visible group of people who are out of work. However, many people have been diverted away from Job Seekers Allowance on to other benefits, the largest number being onto Incapacity Benefit. Nationally, the number of people claiming Incapacity Benefit is over three times the number of people out of work and claiming JSA.

The government recently published a Green Paper on welfare reform in which it is argued that to meet the goal of reaching a UK employment rate of 80%, more people on inactive benefits must be moved into work, particularly those who have been on benefits for a long time.

One method of classifying benefit claimants is by breaking them down into statistical groups. This presents the main reason why an individual is claiming benefit. Benefits are arranged hierarchically and claimants are assigned to the top most benefit which they receive. In this way each claimant only appears once, even though they may claim more than one benefit - the total number of working-age people who are claiming one or more key benefits is often used as a proxy for worklessness.

These figures are provided by the Department for Work and Pensions and are updated quarterly.

Table 9: Working-age people claiming one or more key DWP benefit by duration; May 2009

		All be	nefits		Du	ration (pro	portion of al	l claimants	)
Area	Number	Rate	Previous year number	Previous year rate	<6mths	6mths - Iyr	lyr - 2yrs	2yrs - 5yrs	+5yrs
Blaby	5,440	9.6	4,390	7.7	30%	10%	8%	15%	36%
Charnwood	11,100	10.2	9,100	8.5	30%	11%	10%	15%	35%
Harborough	4,040	8.2	3,200	6.5	31%	10%	8%	14%	36%
Hinckley &	7,260	11.2	5,780	8.9	30%	11%	9%	15%	34%
Melton	2,870	9.6	2,210	7.4	32%	11%	9%	13%	35%
NW	7,070	12.8	5,970	10.8	27%	10%	9%	15%	39%
Oadby and Wigston	3,740	10.8	3,090	9.0	30%	11%	10%	14%	34%
Leicester City	41,050	21.4	36,140	18.9	27%	11%	11%	16%	36%
Leicestershire	41,510	10.4	33,730	8.5	30%	10%	9%	15%	36%
Rutland	1,550	6.8	1,270	5.6	28%	10%	10%	15%	37%
East Midlands	411,900	15.0	355,170	13.0	26%	11%	9%	15%	39%
Great Britain	5,818,730	15.7	5,124,110	13.9	25%	10%	9%	15%	40%

Source: Department of Work and Pension (Nomis)

Table 10: Benefit Claimants by Statistical Group - Main reason for claiming benefit; May 2009

	East Midlands		Leicester	City	Leicestershire County	
Statistical group	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Employment and Support Allowance & Incapacity Benefits	179,470	6.5%	16,050	8.4%	16,690	4.2%
Job Seeker	106,600	3.9%	12,130	6.3%	11,530	2.9%
Lone Parent	46,740	1.7%	5,870	3.1%	3,930	1.0%
Carer	31,490	1.1%	3,010	1.6%	3,500	0.9%
Disabled	28,890	1.1%	2,110	1.1%	3,480	0.9%
Others on income related benefit	12,140	0.4%	1,430	0.7%	1,370	0.3%
Bereaved	6,570	0.2%	450	0.2%	1,020	0.3%
Total	411,900	15.0%	41,050	21.4%	41,510	10.4%

Source: Department of Work and Pension (Nomis)

Note: Benefits are arranged hierarchically and claimants are assigned to the top most benefit they receive. Each claimant appears once only, even though some claim more than one benefit, permitting the estimation of the total number of people claiming one or more benefits. The Statistical Group hierarchy is a) Jobseeker b) ESA & Incapacity benefits c) Lone parents d) Carers e) Other income-related benefits f) Disabled g) Bereaved h) Housing Benefit i) receiving State Pension only. Thus a person who is a lone parent and receives Incapacity Benefit would be classified as receiving incapacity benefits. This is only one of the possible ways in which claimants could be classified and alternative classifications are possible.

For more information about DWP statistics and research www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/data\_guide.asp

# **Definitions**

Claimant Count - the count of claimants of unemployment related benefits is based on the administrative records of people claiming these benefits. Since October 1996 this has been the number of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance (JSA). The publication of claimant count figures is normally five weeks after the date to which they refer. The claimant count is accurate down to very small geographic areas and is unaffected by sampling variability since it is a 100% count. This means it can be used as an indicator of those without work down to small areas.

**Resident-based Claimant Count Proportions** - express the number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working age population resident in that area. Claimant count rates can also be expressed as a proportion of the workforce jobs in an area, however in smaller areas using workforce job-based rates can cause distortions in the rates caused by commuting patters. Using resident-based proportions avoids this distortion.

**Unemployment** (LFS ILO definition) - The definition of unemployment is internationally agreed and recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) - an agency of the United Nations. Many countries use this definition. By this definition unemployed people are:

- without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last 4 weeks and are available to start work in the next 2 weeks, or
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next 2 weeks

**Unemployment Rate** (LFS ILO definition) - expresses the number of unemployed people resident in an area as a percentage of the economically active working age population resident in that area.

**Labour Force Survey** - The Labour Force Survey is a random sample survey which is carried out throughout the UK. It is conducted every three months using around 53,000 households. The survey collects information about the personal circumstances and work of everyone living in these households. The Office for National Statistics (ONS) uses the Labour Force Survey as its source for unemployment data. Unemployment is measured through questions asked in the survey and not by interviewing everybody in the country. Answers are then weighted to represent everyone. As with any sample survey there is sampling variability and this is high for areas below regional level. Therefore, the figures are not reliable for small areas. Each month the ONS releases statistics on the number of people who are unemployed in the United Kingdom for the latest available 3-month rolling period.

**Economically Active** - people aged 16 or over who are either in employment or are unemployed (LFS ILO definition)

**Economically Inactive** - people aged 16 or over who are neither in employment nor unemployed (LFS ILO definition) - e.g. they do not have a job and do not want a job. This group includes, for example, those who are looking after the family and/or home or retired.

**Working Age Population** - Working age is defined as 16-64 for males and 16-59 for females. The working age population figures are derived from mid-year 2006 population estimates.

Benefit Claimants Statistical Group - Benefits are arranged hierarchically and claimants are assigned to the top most benefit they receive. Each claimant appears once only, even though some claim more than one benefit, permitting the estimation of the total number of people claiming one or more benefits. The Statistical Group hierarchy is a) Jobseeker b) Incapacity benefits c) Lone parents d) Carers e) Other income-related benefits f) Disabled g) Bereaved h) Housing Benefit i) receiving State Pension only. Thus a person who is a lone parent and receives Incapacity Benefit would be classified as receiving incapacity benefits. The total number of working-age people who are claiming one or more key benefits is often used as a proxy for worklessness. This is only one of the possible ways in which claimants could be classified and alternative classifications are possible.

For further information on unemployment statistics please refer to the document entitled 'How exactly is unemployment measured?' which is produced by the Office for National Statistics: <a href="https://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\_labour/unemployment.pdf">www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\_labour/unemployment.pdf</a>

For further information about Department of Work and Pensions statistics and research: <a href="https://www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/data\_guide.asp">www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/data\_guide.asp</a>

#### Claimant Count (JSA) Ward Data **Blaby District** December 2009 Total Last Last Male **Female Total** month year Wards (resident-based % % Code % proportions) 3 IUBFY I **Blaby South** 4.9 82 84 69 0.9 3.0 2 3 IUBFZ Cosby with South Whetstone 57 57 36 2.3 1.4 1.9 3 31UBGA Countesthorpe 47 91 94 2.8 1.6 2.2 4 3 I UBGB Croft Hill 2.4 31 31 29 2.3 2.5 5 31UBGC Ellis 59 70 54 2.7 0.9 1.9 31UBGD Enderby and St. John's 6 97 62 5.8 96 1.5 3.6 7 31UBGE **Fairestone** 79 75 50 4.5 1.4 3.1 8 3 I UBGF **Forest** 89 57 2.6 2.0 86 1.4 9 Millfield 31UBGG 58 52 36 6.2 2.7 4.6 10 31UBGH Muxloe 49 53 29 2.9 1.2 2.1 Narborough and Littlethorpe П 3 I UBGJ 57 73 82 3.5 0.7 2.2 12 3 I UBGK Normanton 24 33 18 1.4 1.6 1.5 13 31UBGL North Whetstone 91 86 66 3.9 1.7 2.8 14 31UBGM **Pastures** 65 71 44 2.4 1.7 2.1 Ravenhurst and Fosse 15 3 IUBGN 163 175 103 5. I 2.0 3.7 16 3 I UBGP Saxondale 134 130 94 3.3 1.9 2.8 17 Stanton and Flamville 3 I UBGQ 100 79 108 3.0 1.9 2.5

Source: Office for National Statistics

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18

If you require further information please contact Joelle Bradly, Policy, Performance & Research, Chief Executive's Department, Leicestershire County Council on 0116 3055883.

125

1,471

133

1,512

88

1,018

3.5

3.5

1.9

1.6

2.8

2.6

Winstanley

Blaby District

<sup>#</sup> These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

	mant Count (J ember 2009	SA) Ward Data I	Charr	wood Bo	rough			
			Total	Last month	Last year	Male	Female	Total
	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)				%	%	%
			_	_				
ı	31UCGG	Anstey	121	126	74	4.6	1.8	3.2
2	31UCGH	Barrow and Sileby West	87	91	72	2.9	1.7	2.3
3	31UCGJ	Birstall Wanlip	78	80	46	3.2	1.8	2.5
4	31UCGK	Birstall Watermead	116	109	63	4.1	1.6	2.9
5	31UCGL	East Goscote	44	43	27	3.3	1.3	2.4
6	31UCGM	Forest Bradgate	31	34	22	2.1	0.8	1.5
7	31UCGN	Loughborough Ashby*	113	116	78	2.4	1.1	1.9
8	31UCGP	Loughborough Dishley and Hathern*	119	123	91	4.2	1.6	3.0
9	31UCGQ	Loughborough Garendon*	103	109	91	3.5	1.5	2.6
10	31UCGR	Loughborough Hastings*	262	264	170	8.9	3.5	6.3
П	31UCGS	Loughborough Lemyngton*	222	233	156	7. I	2.4	5.0
12	31UCGT	Loughborough Nanpantan*	28	32	23	0.7	0.7	0.7
13	31UCGU	Loughborough Outwoods*	72	72	44	2.8	1.4	2.2
14	31UCGW	Loughborough Shelthorpe*	208	212	131	6.7	1.9	4.3
15	31UCGX	Loughborough Southfields*	113	113	83	2.9	1.5	2.3
16	31UCGY	Loughborough Storer*	132	113	80	3.3	1.7	2.6
17	31UCGZ	Mountsorrel	158	156	87	5.2	1.7	3.5
18	31UCHA	Queniborough	31	30	28	2.8	0.7	1.8
19	31UCHB	Quorn and Mountsorrel Castle	89	98	67	3.2	1.3	2.3
20	31UCHC	Rothley and Thurcaston	67	61	48	2.9	0.8	1.9
21	31UCHD	, Shepshed East	122	127	77	3.8	1.5	2.7
22	31UCHE	Shepshed West	108	111	79	3.8	1.2	2.5
23	31UCHF	Sileby	168	174	98	5.3	1.8	3.6
24	31UCHG	Syston East	100	100	58	3.6	1.7	2.7
25	31UCHH	Syston West	117	124	85	4.0	1.7	2.9
26	31UCHJ	The Wolds	28	32	19	1.7	1.4	1.5
27	3 I U C H K	Thurmaston	197	214	134	5.0	1.7	3.5
28	31UCHL	Wreake Villages	24	22	21	2.1	0.5	1.3
		Charnwood Borough	3,058	3,135	2,052	3.9	1.6	2.8
		*Loughborough including Hathern	1372	1403	947	4.3	1.8	3.1

<sup>#</sup> These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Source: Office for National Statistics

	•	SA) Ward Data	Hart	orough l	District			
Dece	mber 2009		Total	Last month	Last year	Male	Female	Total
	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)			-	%	%	%
I	31UDGD	Billesdon	14	13	7	1.8	0.8	1.3
2	3 IUDGE	Bosworth	33	33	16	2.6	1.8	2.3
3	31UDGF	Broughton Astley - Astley	21	26	17	2.1	0.7	1.4
4	31UDGG	Broughton Astley - Broughton	29	30	18	2.3	1.0	1.6
5	31UDGH	Broughton Astley - Primethorpe	30	30	12	3.1	2.0	2.6
6	3 IUDGJ	Broughton Astley - Sutton	33	39	24	3.3	1.6	2.5
7	31UDGK	Dunton	22	22	12	2.2	0.7	1.5
8	31UDGL	Fleckney	88	85	48	3.8	1.9	2.9
9	3 IUDGM	Glen	40	42	32	1.9	1.4	1.6
10	3 IUDGN	Kibworth	71	82	31	2.8	1.0	2.0
11	31UDGP	Lubenham	27	27	23	1.1	2.0	1.4
12	31UDGQ	Lutterworth Brookfield	22	24	15	1.9	1.0	1.5
13	31UDGR	Lutterworth Orchard	29	37	23	3.0	1.5	2.3
14	3 IUDGS	Lutterworth Springs	36	37	25	4.5	0.7	2.7
15	31UDGT	Lutterworth Swift	46	46	28	3.7	2.2	3.0
16	31UDGU	Market Harborough - Great Bowden*	102	105	88	3.1	1.6	2.4
17	31UDGW	Market Harborough - Little						
		Bowden*	69	75	39	3.1	1.5	2.3
18	3 IUDGX	Market Harborough - Logan*	42	36	41	2.4	1.0	1.7
19	31UDGY	Market Harborough - Welland*	98	108	79	4.3	1.4	2.9
20	31UDGZ	Misterton	23	24	18	2.1	8.0	1.5
21	31UDHA	Nevill	25	23	16	3.0	8.0	2.0
22	31UDHB	Peatling	19	21	7	1.5	1.3	1.4
23	31UDHC	Thurnby and Houghton	85	97	57	3.4	1.4	2.5
24	31UDHD	Tilton	16	14	9	1.9	0.7	1.3
25	3 IUDHE	Ullesthorpe	28	27	9	2.7	1.3	2.1
		Harborough District	1,048	1103	694	2.8	1.3	2.1
		* Market Harborough	311	324	247	3.3	1.4	2.4

<sup>#</sup> These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Source: Office for National Statistics

# Claimant Count (JSA) Ward Data

#### **Hinckley & Bosworth Borough**

Dec	ember 200	9		_				
			Total	Last	Last	Male F	emale	Total
				month	year			
	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)				%	%	%
I	3 I UEFU	Ambien	39	38	24	2.4	1.1	1.8
2	3 I UEFW	Barlestone Nailstone & Osbaston	37	34	30	2.6	0.9	1.7
3	3 I UEFX	Barwell	246	246	183	5.8	2.7	4.4
4	3 I UEFY	Burbage St. Catherines & Lash Hill*	114	110	73	4.9	1.9	3.5
5	31UEFZ	Burbage Sketchley and Stretton*	86	100	55	1.8	1.3	1.5
6	31UEGA	Cadeby Carlton & Market Bosworth	27	29	21	1.6	1.2	1.4
7	31UEGB	Earl Shilton*	293	289	199	7.2	2.8	5.1
8	31UEGC	Groby	73	75	55	2.3	1.2	1.8
9	31UEGD	Hinckley Castle*	182	164	123	5.8	2.4	4.3
10	3 I UEGE	Hinckley Clarendon*	172	182	128	3.9	2.0	3.0
11	31UEGF	Hinckley De Montfort*	221	200	111	5.1	2.3	3.8
12	31UEGG	Hinckley Trinity*	165	170	118	5.8	2.0	4.0
13	31UEGH	Markfield Stanton and Fieldhead	83	82	57	3.7	1.3	2.6
14	3 I UEGJ	Newbold Verdon with Desford &						
		Peckleton	98	99	56	2.7	1.1	2.0
15	31UEGK	Ratby Bagworth and Thornton	110	112	66	3.3	2.1	2.7
16	3 I UEGL	Twycross & Witherley with Sheepy	24	27	23	1.6	1.0	1.3
		Hinckley & Bosworth District	1,970	1,957	1,322	4.1	1.9	3.0
		* Hinckley (inc. Burbage & Earl Shilton)	1233	1215	807	4.9	2.1	3.6

<sup>#</sup> These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Market Town geographies defined by Leicestershire County Council and figures calculated using ONS Claimant Count (JSA) figures and denominators.

Source: Office for National Statistics

Claimant Count (JSA) Ward Data December 2009			Leices	ster City				
Deci		Woude (vesident based	Total	Last month	Last year	Male %	Female %	Total
	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)				%	%	%
ı	00FNNF	Abbey	689	680	500	12.5	4.2	8.4
2	00FNNG	Aylestone	353	358	273	8.2	2.2	5.3
3	00FNNH	Beaumont Leys	825	853	641	11.4	4.1	7.8
4	00FNNJ	Belgrave	441	453	341	7.7	4.6	6.2
5	00FNNK	Braunstone Park & Rowley Fields	839	849	580	12.3	4.0	8.1
6	00FNNL	Castle	863	840	588	8.5	3.0	5.8
7	00FNNM	Charnwood	649	655	498	12.3	5.1	8.7
8	00FNNN	Coleman	587	611	436	9.8	4.2	<b>7.</b> I
9	00FNNP	Evington	275	300	205	6.7	2.6	4.7
10	00FNNQ	Eyres Monsell	526	500	372	12.2	4.1	8.1
11	00FNNR	Fosse	446	448	292	7.6	3.3	5.6
12	00FNNS	Freemen	576	572	399	12.2	4.4	8.2
13	00FNNT	Humberstone and Hamilton	506	518	336	7.6	3.6	5.7
14	00FNNU	Knighton	296	318	220	4.4	1.9	3.2
15	00FNNW	Latimer	40 I	410	310	6.0	4.1	5.1
16	00FNNX	New Parks	854	859	577	13.2	4.6	8.9
17	00FNNY	Rushey Mead	450	467	326	5.5	3.3	4.5
18	00FNNZ	Spinney Hills	1142	1173	930	12.4	4.5	8.5
19	00FNPA	Stoneygate	776	790	628	8.8	3.8	6.4
20	00FNPB	Thurncourt	345	344	254	9.0	3.4	6.2
21	00FNPC	Westcotes	472	483	296	9.1	3.9	6.7
22	00FNPD	Western Park	312	327	210	7.2	2.4	5.0
		Leicester	12,623	12,808	9,212	9.2	3.7	6.6

<sup>#</sup> These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Source: Office for National Statistics

### Claimant Count (JSA) Ward Data

#### **Melton Borough**

Dec	ember 2009							
			Total	Last	Last	Male	Female	Total
	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)		month	year	%	%	%
								_
I	31UGFT	Asfordby	57	60	48	4.2	1.4	2.8
2	31UGFU	Bottesford	41	36	36	2.7	1.3	2.0
3	31UGFW	Croxton Kerrial	20	14	11	1.9	1.7	1.8
4	31UGFX	Frisby-on-the-Wreake	9	13	12	0.9	0.8	0.9
5	31UGFY	Gaddesby	14	9	11	1.7	1.1	1.5
6	31UGFZ	Long Clawson and Stathern	27	24	28	1.6	0.4	1.1
7	31UGGA	Melton Craven*	65	61	48	3.7	2.1	3.0
8	31UGGB	Melton Dorian*	84	82	62	3.6	1.4	2.5
9	31UGGC	Melton Egerton*	110	110	71	6.4	3.1	4.8
10	31UGGD	Melton Newport*	65	65	36	3.8	0.7	2.4
П	31UGGE	Melton Sysonby*	71	75	59	3.2	1.1	2.2
12	31UGGF	Melton Warwick*	74	76	55	4.6	2.2	3.5
13	31UGGG	Old Dalby	24	29	14	2.6	1.2	2.0
14	31UGGH	Somerby	22	21	17	2.7	1.2	2.0
15	31UGGJ	Waltham-on-the-Wolds	16	16	7	2.2	1.1	1.7
16	31UGGK	Wymondham	29	28	19	3.3	2.4	2.9
		Melton Borough	728	719	534	3.3	1.5	2.4
		* Melton Mowbray	469	469	331	4.1	1.7	2.9

<sup>#</sup> These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Market Town geographies defined by Leicestershire County Council and figures calculated using ONS Claimant Count (JSA) figures and denominators.

Source: Office for National Statistics

Claimant Count (JSA) Ward Data				North West Leicestershire District						
Dec	ember 200	y	Total	Last month	Last year	Male F	emale	Total		
	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)		month	year	%	%	%		
I	31UHFZ	Appleby	30	28	20	3.0	1.5	2.3		
2	31UHGA	Ashby Castle*	23	25	17	1.7	0.0	1.4		
3	3 I UHGB	Ashby Holywell*	73	82	64	3.7	1.1	2.5		
4	31UHGC	Ashby Ivanhoe*	76	75	50	4.0	1.7	2.9		
5	31UHGD	Bardon**	44	48	37	2.9	1.3	2.1		
6	31UHGE	Breedon	21	23	17	2.4	0.4	1.5		
7	31UHGF	Castle Donington	134	132	92	4.4	1.7	3.1		
8	31UHGG	Coalville**	149	154	121	6.4	2.7	4.7		
9	31UHGH	Greenhill**	203	207	163	6.8	3.0	5.0		
10	3 I UHGJ	Hugglescote**	84	83	71	4.3	1.2	2.9		
11	31UHGK	lbstock and Heather	151	153	129	4.9	1.9	3.5		
12	31UHGL	Kegworth and Whatton	61	60	39	3.0	1.2	2.2		
13	31UHGM	Measham	112	107	72	4.8	2.1	3.5		
14	31UHGN	Moira	81	87	63	3.5	2.1	2.8		
15	31UHGP	Oakthorpe and Donisthorpe	47	48	23	4.1	1.5	2.8		
16	31UHGQ	Ravenstone and Packington	37	39	27	3.5	0.0	2.5		
17	31UHGR	Snibston**	86	88	73	3.4	1.9	2.6		
18	31UHGS	Thringstone**	81	77	54	3.5	2.5	3.1		
19	31UHGT	Valley	91	81	61	4.7	1.9	3.4		
20	31UHGU	Whitwick**	109	107	96	3.7	1.7	2.7		
		NW Leicestershire District	1,693	1,704	1,289	4.2	1.8	3.1		
		* Ashby de la Zouch	172	182	131	3.4	1.3	2.4		
		** Coalville	756	764	615	4.6	2.1	3.4		

<sup>#</sup> These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Source: Office for National Statistics

# Claimant Count (JSA) Ward Data

### Oadby & Wigston Borough

Dece	ember 2009	9						
			Total	Last	Last	Male F	emale	Total
	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)		month	year	%	%	%
	211 1151				40			2.0
	31UJFL	Oadby Brocks Hill*	61	61	40	3.5	2.1	2.8
2	3 I UJFM	Oadby Grange*	58	52	45	1.5	1.0	1.2
3	3 I UJFN	Oadby St. Peter's*	98	100	54	6.5	2.7	4.6
4	3 I UJFP	Oadby Uplands*	61	63	63	3.2	1.6	2.4
5	31UJFQ	Oadby Woodlands*	61	76	46	2.7	1.3	2.0
6	3 I UJFR	South Wigston	220	244	155	7.4	2.0	4.7
7	31UJFS	Wigston All Saints**	88	85	71	3.2	1.6	2.5
8	3 I UJFT	Wigston Fields**	168	166	113	6.6	2.1	4.4
9	31UJFU	Wigston Meadowcourt**	93	99	70	3.3	1.2	2.3
10	31UJFW	Wigston St. Wolstan's**	91	101	70	3.5	1.3	2.5
		Oadby & Wigston Borough	999	1,047	727	4.0	1.6	2.9
		* Oadby	339	352	248	3.1	1.6	2.4
		** Wigston	440	451	324	4.1	1.5	2.9

<sup>#</sup> These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Market Town geographies defined by Leicestershire County Council and figures calculated using ONS Claimant Count (JSA) figures and denominators.

Source: Office for National Statistics

Claimant Count (JSA) Ward Data December 2009				Rutland				
			Total	Last month	Last year	Male F	emale	Total
	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)			,	%	%	%
I	00FPMS	Braunston and Belton	15	18	5	2.4	1.7	2.1
2	00FPMT	Cottesmore	24	22	17	1.6	0.9	1.3
3	00FPMU	Exton	16	13	14	1.1	1.4	1.2
4	00FPMW	Greetham	19	17	9	1.1	2.0	1.4
5	00FPMX	Ketton	28	30	14	2.3	1.5	1.9
6	00FPMY	Langham	18	18	8	3.4	1.1	2.3
7	00FPMZ	Lyddington	8	П	9	1.8	#	1.0
8	00FPNA	Martinsthorpe	9	9	6	2.0	#	1.4
9	00FPNB	Normanton	32	28	24	1.8	1.6	1.7
10	00FPNC	Oakham North East*	32	33	15	2.4	0.9	1.7
11	00FPND	Oakham North West*	38	32	16	2.5	1.5	2.0
12	00FPNE	Oakham South East*	17	19	10	2.3	#	1.3
13	00FPNF	Oakham South West*	29	30	19	2.9	1.5	2.2
14	00FPNG	Ryhall and Casterton	29	28	21	2.0	1.2	1.7
15	00FPNH	, Uppingham	47	52	28	2.1	1,1	1.7
16	00FPNJ	Whissendine	17	18	8	2.2	2.0	2.1
	,	Rutland	378	378	223	2.0	1.2	1.7
<i>,,</i> T	۰	*Oakham	116	114	60	2.5	1.0	1.8

<sup>#</sup> These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Source: Office for National Statistics