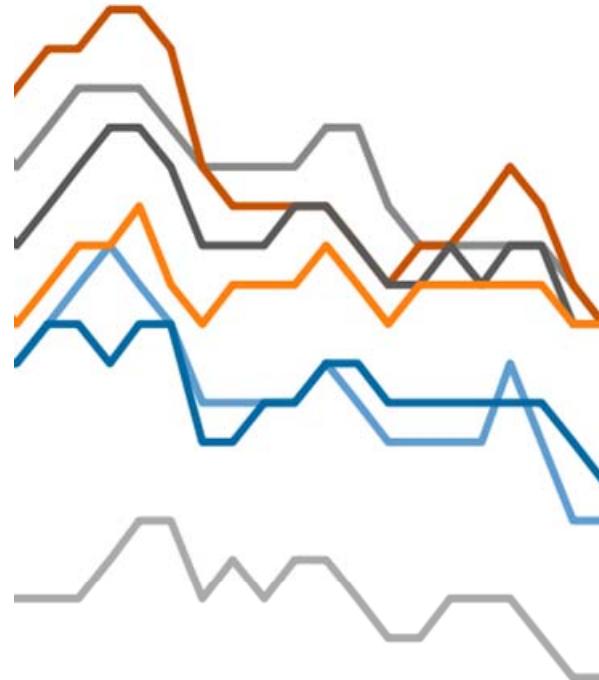


# Unemployment Bulletin

## October 2015 Data

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Produced by the Research and Insight Team at Leicestershire County Council.

Whilst every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information contained within this report, Leicestershire County Council cannot be held responsible for any errors or omission relating to the data contained within the report.

## About the Research and Insight Team

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The Research and Insight Team is based in the Strategy, Partnerships & Communities Branch of the Chief Executive's Department of Leicestershire County Council. We carry out a broad spectrum of work on wide-ranging topics using a variety of skills and techniques.

Our clients include a range of partner organisations as well as county council service departments. Local communities and Councillors are also key users of the team's work. We also collaborate with a diverse set of partner organisations, locally and further afield, to deliver new and innovative research and insight. Examples include the GiCentre at City University, London on data visualisation and the Centre for Social Action at DeMontfort University on research into social capital.

The work of the team can be summarised into six broad areas:

- **Data visualisation and analytics** - the team use a range of software packages, including Tableau and Excel to produce fast and effective analysis of data to support service delivery;
- **Customer insight** - a deep truth based on an understanding of customer behaviour, experiences and attitudes and their needs from a service;
- **Evaluation** - using Social Return on Investment (SROI) to put financial values on the important impacts of a project, organization or programme as identified by stakeholders;
- **Facts and figures** - simple profiles either by geography or theme;
- **Strategic assessments** - generally to summarise the existing evidence available highlighting any emerging evidence and potential gaps;
- **Consultation and primary research** - using primary research techniques, including surveys and focus group to collect and interpret insight from residents, service users, staff and other stakeholders; and
- **Commissioning research and insight** - procuring and project managing research and insight from external agencies and suppliers.

For more information on how the team can offer support your department or organisation, please contact the team on the details below.

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## Introduction

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The Unemployment Bulletin provides a monthly update of the latest unemployment and benefit data for Leicester and Leicestershire. The data is sourced from Nomis<sup>1</sup> which contains data from the Office for National Statistics, the Department of Work and Pensions and other official sources. Some figures have been calculated by Leicestershire County Council and where this is the case it is stated in the source.

There are a number of ways of measuring unemployment and this bulletin mainly focuses on the Claimant Count which is a measure of the number or proportion of people receiving Job Seekers Allowance (JSA) and National Insurance credits at Jobcentre Plus local offices. The claimant count is released on a monthly basis and is available to ward level.

### Unemployment Dashboards

The majority of unemployment data is available from a dashboard produced by the Research and Insight Team at Leicestershire County Council and published on LSR Online. The dashboard is available from the following link:

[https://public.tableausoftware.com/views/UnemploymentBulletin/HeadlineData?:embed=y&:display\\_count=no:showVizHome=no#](https://public.tableausoftware.com/views/UnemploymentBulletin/HeadlineData?:embed=y&:display_count=no:showVizHome=no#)

### Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES)

In addition, the annual Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES) provides data on employment by industry and is available from the following link:

[https://public.tableausoftware.com/views/BRESData/BRESDashboard?:embed=y&:display\\_count=no:showVizHome=no#](https://public.tableausoftware.com/views/BRESData/BRESDashboard?:embed=y&:display_count=no:showVizHome=no#)

### Archived Reports

Archived Unemployment Bulletins and other reports produced by Leicestershire County Council are available on the Leicestershire Statistics and Research Online website from the following link:

<http://www.lsr-online.org/reports.html?query=Keyword...&tag=Unemployment&category1=&month=&age=3&sort=latest&submit=Filter>

### Next Release

The next claimant count data will be released by the Office National for Statistics on **16<sup>th</sup> December 2015**.

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<sup>1</sup> For more information, please visit [www.nomisweb.co.uk](http://www.nomisweb.co.uk)

## Commentary

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### National

A comprehensive commentary on the national labour market is produced by the Centre for Economic and Social Inclusion (CESI) and is available at the following link:

<http://www.cesi.org.uk/statistics/labour><sup>2</sup>

### Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland

The overall claimant count for the LLEP<sup>3</sup> area fell in October 2015, with 454 fewer people claiming JSA compared to September 2015. There were a total of 8,113 claimants in October 2015. In Leicester City there were 4,903 people of working age claiming JSA while in Leicestershire the figure was 3,210. In the LLEP area, 1.3 percent of the working population were claiming JSA in October 2015, unchanged from the previous month; 2.2 percent in Leicester City and 0.8 percent in the county. This is compared to 1.5 percent in the East Midlands and England and 1.6 percent in the UK as a whole.

Across Leicestershire, all local authorities experienced a drop in the number of people claiming JSA, with the exception of Harborough District, which saw a small increase and Oadby and Wigston, which remained unchanged; Charnwood and North West Leicestershire experienced the largest falls, with 85 and 81 fewer people claiming in October respectively, compared to September. Charnwood experienced the highest number of individual claimants in October 2015, with 748 claimants.

In terms of the claimant rate, Oadby and Wigston experienced the highest proportion of the working age population claiming JSA in the county with 1.1 percent while Harborough experienced the lowest rate with 0.4 percent. Four Leicestershire local authorities experienced a 0.1 percentage point decrease in the claimant rate since September; Blaby, Hinckley and Bosworth, Melton and North West Leicestershire.

Other figures of note include:

- 340 fewer male and 120 fewer female JSA claimants in the LLEP area between September and October 2015;
- 50 fewer claimants in the LLEP area claiming for more than 12 months between September and October 2015;
- 105 fewer claimants in the LLEP area from elementary occupations between September and October 2015;
- 190 fewer claimants in the LLEP area from sales and customer services between September and October 2015;

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<sup>2</sup> N.B. In some cases, data reported by CESI is seasonally-adjusted and may not correspond with figures reported within this report and the accompanying dashboards. Views expressed are those of CESI and may not reflect the views of Leicestershire County Council.

<sup>3</sup> The Leicester and Leicestershire Enterprise Partnership (LLEP) comprises of Leicester City and Leicestershire County.

- Spinney Hills Ward in Leicester exhibits the highest claimant count in the city, county and Rutland with 443 claimants. The next highest is Castle Ward in Leicester with 369;
- Freeman Ward exhibits the highest claimant rate with 3.2 percent of the working age population claiming JSA, followed by Braunstone Park and Rowley Fields, with 3.1;
- Greenhill ward exhibits the highest claimant rate in the county, with 2.4 percent of the working age population claiming JSA, closely followed by Coalville and Loughborough Hastings wards, both with 1.9;
- Across Leicestershire and Rutland market towns, Hinckley (including Burbage and Earl Shilton) exhibits the highest number of claimants, with 380, followed by Coalville, with 315 claimants.

## Unemployment Data

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The following section covers data released periodically (i.e. ILO data) and additional data not covered by the unemployment dashboards, as and when released. Rates for market towns and ethnicity are calculated separately due to changes in population denominators which would affect trend data.

### Claimant Rates by Market Towns

The table below displays the claimant count and rate for Leicestershire and Rutland market towns.

**Table 1 – Claimant Count and Rates by Market Towns, October 2015.**

Market Town	Count	Rate
Ashby de la Zouch	51	0.7
Coalville	315	1.3
Hinckley (inc. Burbage and Earl Shilton)	380	1.1
Loughborough (inc. Hathern)	298	0.7
Market Harborough	48	0.3
Melton Mowbray	154	0.9
Oadby	124	0.8
Oakham	42	0.6
Wigston	155	1.1

Source: NOMIS, 2015; ONS, 2015.

N.B. Rates are calculated using the mid-2013 experimental resident population aged 16-64.

Data for market towns is based on aggregated ward data. Historical rate data and a list of wards covering market towns are available from archived versions of the unemployment bulletin, available via the link on page 5.

### Claimant Rates by Ethnicity

The table below displays the claimant count rate by broad ethnic group for Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland. Data on claimant count by ethnicity is released one month behind the overall claimant count data. Rates are calculated using 2011 Census population data for people aged 16-64:

**Table 2 – Claimant Rate by Ethnicity, September 2015.**

<b>Area</b>	<b>White</b>	<b>BME</b>	<b>Mixed</b>	<b>Asian or Asian British</b>	<b>Black or Black British</b>	<b>Chinese or Other Ethnic Group</b>
Blaby	0.8	1.3	2.1	1.3	0.8	0.9
Charnwood	0.7	1.1	0.7	1.2	1.4	0.8
Harborough	0.4	0.9	0.0	0.9	1.9	0.0
Hinckley and Bosworth	0.8	0.8	0.0	1.0	2.4	0.0
Melton	0.8	0.7	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.0
North West Leicestershire	1.1	1.3	1.2	0.7	3.1	2.0
Oadby and Wigston	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	2.0	0.6
<b>Leicester</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>1.7</b>
<b>Leicestershire</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>0.7</b>
<b>Rutland</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>3.7</b>
<b>LLEP</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>1.4</b>
<b>East Midlands</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>1.7</b>
<b>England</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>2.2</b>

Source: NOMIS, 2015; ONS, 2011.

N.B. Claimant count by ethnicity release one month behind the overall claimant count.

'Chinese' included in 'Other' as per NOMIS definition not as per 2011 Census definition.

'White Irish' included in 'White'.

Historical rate data by ethnicity is available from archived versions of the unemployment bulletin available via the link on page 5.

## Data Guide

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This guidance has been created to help you get the most out of the various sources of unemployment data available through the accompanying dashboards and official sources.

### Unemployment Dashboards

A range of interactive dashboards have been created by the Research and Insight Team to help interested parties access relevant data and understand change over time and across geographies. Links to all dashboards currently managed by the team are included in the **References** section below.

#### How to use the dashboards

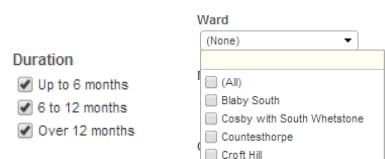
1. Use the **tabs** at the top of the page to navigate between dashboards:



2. Dashboards display monthly claimant count by default. Where applicable, use the **radial buttons** to change the data displayed:

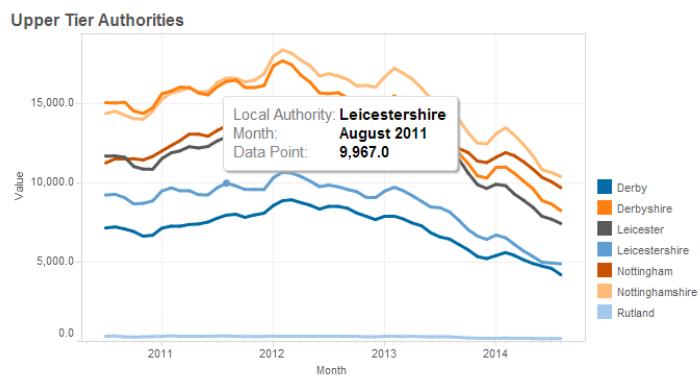


3. Where applicable, use the **check boxes** or **drop-down** list to switch between different combinations of categories:

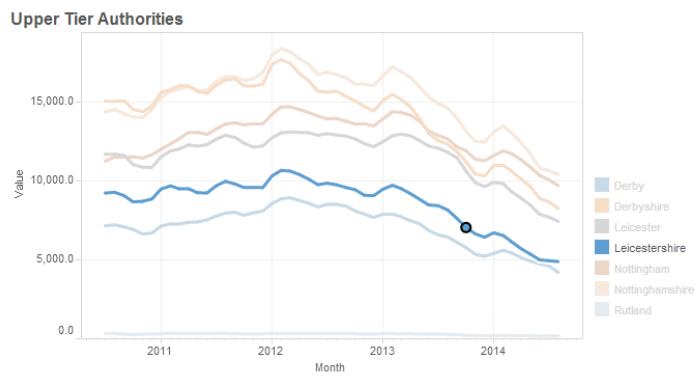


Where applicable, make selection and click **Apply** to update the dashboard.

4. For more information on a specific point, **hover** over the dashboard:



5. To highlight relevant data across the dashboard, **click** on a point or table cell:

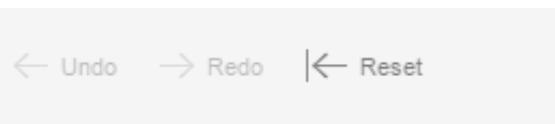


6. For more information on the dashboard, hover over the **icon**:

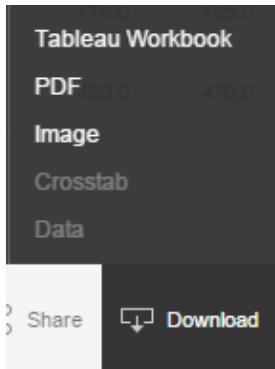
Hover over icon for information



7. To undo, redo or rest the dashboard selection, use the **icons** at the bottom-left of the page:

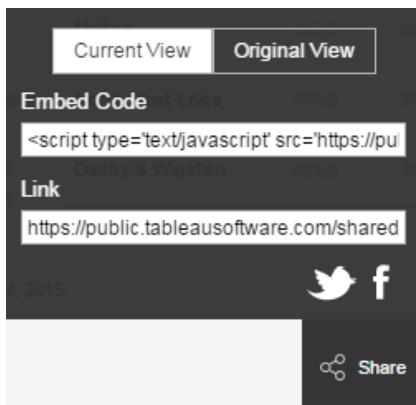


8. To export the dashboard, a specific chart or table, or the underlying data, click on an element and use the **Download icon** at the bottom-right of the dashboard:



When exporting **data**, use the tabs at the top of the **View Data** window that appears to select the summary, or underlying data.

9. To share the dashboard, or a specific view, use the **Share icon** in the bottom-right corner:



10. To go to the Tableau homepage, or browse the Research and Insight Team Tableau Public page, click on the links at the bottom of the page.



## NOMIS

A complete set of statistics for a specific area can be downloaded from the NOMIS website, available at the following link:

<http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>

N.B. The layout of the NOMIS website was updated in October 2015.

1. On the NOMIS homepage, select a geography from the **Area Profiles** menu and follow the instructions to access a selection of data for that area:

**AREA PROFILES**

View a labour market profile of an area. Includes some of the data from our key datasets on population, employment, unemployment, qualifications, earnings, benefit claimants and businesses.

- ▶ [Regional and National Profile](#)
- ▶ [Local Authority Profile](#) (district/county areas)
- ▶ [2011 Ward Profile](#) (smaller areas, England & Wales only)
- ▶ [Local Enterprise Partnerships Profile](#)
- ▶ [2010 Parliamentary Constituencies Profile](#)

2. For more comprehensive data, follow the **Query Data** link from the **Data Downloads** menu and follow the instructions:

**DATA DOWNLOADS**

Create a data download from one of our full range of data sets. Data is available at a more detailed level than the Area Profiles.

 ▶ [Query data](#) (Wizard / Advanced Query)  
Download the figures you need from a single data set.

**Note for existing users:** The Wizard Query has been merged with the Advanced query and is available as step-by-step guidance. The Advanced Query has been renamed to "Query data".

## Population and Census Data

Population data used to calculate rates can be accessed from NOMIS using the **Data Downloads** menu above and following the instructions.

The full range of 2011 Census data can be accessed from the **2011 Census Statistics** menu on the NOMIS homepage:

**2011 CENSUS STATISTICS**

**21 Jan 2015** - Further small population data now available  
[Further small population tables](#) are now available for England and Wales.  
▶ [2011 Census Data on Nomis](#)



## Definitions & Further Information

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### **Claimant Count**

JSA claimant count records the number of people claiming Jobseekers Allowance (JSA) and National Insurance credits at Jobcentre Plus local offices. The percentage figures express the number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of those aged 16-64 resident in that area.

### **Market Towns**

The Market Town geographies are defined by Leicestershire County Council and figures are calculated using ONS Claimant Count (JSA) figures and mid 2010 resident population aged 16-64.

### **Unemployment: International Labour Organisation (ILO) Definition**

Official estimates of unemployment in the UK are obtained from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) using the internationally agreed International Labour Organisation (ILO) definition. The ILO definition is based on the number of people without jobs who are looking for and available to start work. The LFS unemployment figures which are subject to sampling differences are not available for smaller areas.

**Unemployment Rate (LFS ILO definition)** - expresses the number of unemployed people resident in an area as a percentage of the economically active working age population resident in that area.

**Labour Force Survey** - The Labour Force Survey is a random sample survey which is carried out throughout the UK. It is conducted every three months using around 53,000 households. The survey collects information about the personal circumstances and work of everyone living in these households. The Office for National Statistics (ONS) uses the Labour Force Survey as its source for unemployment data. Unemployment is measured through questions asked in the survey and not by interviewing everybody in the country. Answers are then weighted to represent everyone. As with any sample survey there is sampling variability and this is high for areas below regional level. Therefore, the figures are not reliable for small areas. Each month the ONS releases statistics on the number of people who are unemployed in the United Kingdom for the latest available 3-month rolling period.

### **Other Department for Work and Pensions Benefits Statistics**

Job Seekers Allowance is one of a number of types of benefit which is related to worklessness, and recipients of this benefit constitute the most visible group of people who are out of work. However, many people have been diverted away from Job Seekers Allowance on to other benefits, the largest number being onto Incapacity Benefit. Nationally, the number of people claiming Incapacity Benefit is over three times the number of people out of work and claiming JSA.

One method of classifying benefit claimants is by breaking them down into statistical groups. This presents the main reason why an individual is claiming benefit. Benefits are arranged hierarchically and claimants are assigned to the top most benefit which they receive. In this way each claimant only appears once, even though they October claim more

than one benefit - the total number of working-age people who are claiming one or more key benefits is often used as a proxy for worklessness.

These figures are provided by the Department for Work and Pensions and are updated quarterly.



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If you require information contained in this leaflet in another version e.g. large print, Braille, tape or alternative language please telephone: 0116 305 6803, Fax: 0116 305 7271 or Minicom: 0116 305 6160.

જે આપ આ માહિતી આપની ભાષામાં સમજવામાં થોડી મદદ હોયાં હો તો 0116 305 6803 નંબર પર ફોન કર્યો અને અમે આપને મદદ કરવા વયરસ્થા કરીશું.

ਜેવર તુહાનું દિસ જાણકારી નું સમઝણ વિચ કુષ મદદ ચાણીટી હૈ તાં કિરપા કરકે 0116 305 6803 નંબર તે છોન કરો અતે અર્સી તુહાડી મદદ લઈ કિસે દા પૂર્ણી કર દવાંગો।

એહે તથા નિજેર ભાષાય બુઝાર જન્ય આપનાર યદિ કોન સાહાયોર પ્રયોગન હો, તબે 0116 305 6803 એહે નસરે ફોન કરાલે આમરા ઉપયુક્ત બ્યાન્ક્રૂર વાબસ્થા કરાબો।

اگر آپ کو یہ معلومات سمجھنے میں کچھ مدد دو رکار ہے تو راہ ہم بانی اس نمبر پر کال کریں گے۔ 0116 305 6803 اور ہم آپ کی مدد کے لئے کسی کا انتظام کر دیں گے۔

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請致電 0116 305 6803，我們會安排有關人員為你  
提供幫助。

Jeżeli potrzebujesz pomocy w zrozumieniu tej informacji  
w Twoim języku, zadzwoń pod numer 0116 305 6803,  
a my Ci dopomożemy.

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