Unemployment Bulletin September 2012



Introduction

The Unemployment Bulletin provides a monthly update of the latest unemployment and benefit data for Leicester and Leicestershire. The data is sourced from Nomis (www.nomisweb.co.uk) which contains data from the Office for National Statistics, the Department of Work and Pensions and other official sources. Some figures have been calculated by Leicestershire County Council and where this is the case it is stated in the source.

There are a number of ways of measuring unemployment and this bulletin mainly focuses on the Claimant Count which is a measure of the number or proportion of people receiving Job Seekers Allowance (JSA) and National Insurance Credits at Jobcentre Plus local offices. This is not an official measure of unemployment but it is the only indicative statistic available for areas smaller than Local Authorities.

Official estimates of unemployment in the UK are obtained from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) using the internationally agreed International Labour Organisation (ILO) definition. The ILO definition is based on the number of people without jobs who are looking for work and are available to start work (and includes people whether or not they are eligible to received unemployment related benefits). The LFS unemployment figures which are subject to sampling differences are not reliable at small areas. The Claimant Count is released on a monthly basis and is available down to ward level, so is used as a more current indicator of unemployment levels. Using the two sources together provides a more comprehensive picture of the labour market.

People who are not claimants can appear among the unemployed if they are not entitled to unemployment related benefits. Similarly, claimants of unemployment related benefits may not appear in the measure of unemployment if they stated that they are not seeking or are not available to start work.

Tables I to 7 use Claimant Count data and Table 8 shows the Unemployment (LFS ILO definition) figures.

Table 1: Resident-Based Claimant Count (JSA) Proportions: September 2012

Area	Claimant Count Pro- portion (working age)			Total Claimant Count	Change since last month	Change since last year	Previous months Proportion (change)	Previous years Proportion (change)
	Total	Male	Female					
Leicester Shire	3.6%	4.6%	2.6%	22,400	-247	-134	3.6%(0.0)	3.6%(0.0)
Leicestershire County	2.3%	2.9%	1.7%	9,572	-175	-222	2.3%(0.0)	2.3%(0.0)
Leicester City	6.2%	8.0%	4.4%	12,828	-72	88	6.2%(0.0)	6.1%(0.1)
Rutland	1.4%	1.7%	1.0%	320	-17	-9	1.4%(0.0)	1.4%(0.0)
East Midlands	3.7%	4.7%	2.6%	106,388	-1,492	146	3.7%(0.0)	3.7%(0.0)
UK	3.8%	5.0%	2.7%	1,552,985	-16,941	-25,624	3.9%(-0.1)	3.9%(-0.1)

Source: Office for National Statistics (Nomis)

Note: Leicester Shire comprises the areas of Leicestershire County and Leicester City only.

National Statistics will release the October 2012 unemployment figures on Wednesday 14th November 2012.

Archived Unemployment Bulletins and other reports produced by Leicestershire County Council are available on the Leicestershire Statistics and Research Online website, www.lsr-online.org

Table 2: Resident-Based Claimant Count (JSA) Proportions: September 2012.

Districts	Claimant Count Proportion (working age)	Total Claimant Count	Total last month	Total last year	Previous months Proportion (change)	Previous years Proportion (change)
NW Leicestershire	2.7%	1,548	1,598	1,558	2.8%(-0.1)	2.7%(0.0)
Oadby & Wigston	2.6%	958	959	966	2.6%(0.0)	2.6%(0.0)
Hinckley & Bosworth	2.5%	1,679	1,681	1,740	2.5%(0.0)	2.6%(-0.1)
Charnwood	2.3%	2,589	2,649	2,696	2.4%(-0.1)	2.4%(-0.1)
Melton	2.2%	697	720	670	2.3%(-0.1)	2.1%(0.1)
Blaby	2.2%	1,301	1,303	1,269	2.2%(0.0)	2.1%(0.1)
Harborough	1.5%	800	837	895	1.6%(-0.1)	1.7%(-0.2)

Source: Office for National Statistics (Nomis)

Table 3: Resident-Based Claimant Count (JSA) Proportions: in Market Towns; September 2012.

Market Towns	Claimant Count Proportion (working age)	Total Claimant Count	Previous months Proportion (change)	Previous years Proportion
Wigston	3.2%	425	3.2%(0.0)	3.1%(0.1)
Hinckley (inc. Burbage & Earl Shilton)	3.0%	1077	2.9%(0.1)	3.0%(0.0)
Coalville	2.9%	752	3.0%(-0.1)	3.0%(-0.1)
Melton Mowbray	2.9%	494	2.9%(0.0)	2.5%(0.4)
Loughborough (including Hathern)	2.7%	1242	2.7%(0.0)	2.6%(0.1)
Oadby	2.1%	330	2.1%(0.0)	2.2%(-0.1)
Ashby de la Zouch	1.7%	171	1.9%(-0.2)	1.6%(0.1)
Market Harborough	1.6%	221	1.9%(-0.3)	1.8%(-0.2)
Oakham	1.6%	112	1.4%(0.2)	1.7%(-0.1)

Source: Office for National Statistics (Nomis); Market Town geographies defined by Leicestershire County Council and figures calculated using ONS Claimant Count (JSA) figures and denominators

Table 4: Claimant Count (JSA) by Age and Duration; September 2012.

		18-24 ye	ears old					
	Up to 6	6-12	13-18	Over 18	Up to 6	6-12	13-18	Over 18
Area	months	months	months	months	months	months	months	months
Blaby	290	60	30	25	520	175	65	135
Charnwood	570	95	55	35	1,075	310	180	265
Harborough	180	25	15	15	345	90	45	85
Hinckley & Bosworth	355	85	50	40	650	200	130	165
Melton	145	45	20	20	245	90	55	75
NW Leicestershire	290	85	60	50	535	195	140	190
Oadby & Wigston	195	55	30	15	355	130	70	110
Leicester City	2,315	755	400	275	4,295	1,770	1,060	1,920
Leicestershire County	2,025	450	260	195	3,730	1,185	680	1,025
Rutland	70	10	10	10	135	35	25	25
Leicester Shire	4,340	1,205	655	470	8,025	2,955	1,745	2,945

Source: Office for National Statistics (Nomis) Note: Figures are rounded to the nearest 5.

Claimant Count (JSA) by Ethnicity

JSA benefit data have been published by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) for many years as a key labour market indicator. In November 2006 ONS published JSA claimant data by ethnicity for the first time. The data is available for the detailed ethnic groups down to Local Authority level and is backdated to April 2005.

JSA claimant data by ethnicity has been included in Tables 5, 6, and 7 of this bulletin. The JSA data by ethnicity used in these table is a month in arrears of the other Claimant Count data in the other tables in the bulletin. For more information, please see; www.nomisweb.co.uk/articles/news/files/DWP_Ethnicity_JSA.pdf

Table 5: Claimant County (JSA) by Ethnicity; August 2012.

Area	White	Mixed	Black or Black British	Asian or Asian British	Chinese or Other Ethnic Group	'Non White'	Prefer not to say / Unknown
Blaby	1,100	25	30	100	10	160	40
Charnwood	2,180	50	25	240	50	360	105
Harborough	760	10	5	25	5	45	30
Hinckley & Bosworth	1,520	25	15	35	10	85	80
Melton	695	0	0	5	5	10	15
NW Leicestershire	1,525	15	5	5	0	25	50
Oadby & Wigston	685	20	20	200	10	255	20
Leicester City	6,670	470	1,320	3,490	440	5,720	505
Leicestershire County	8,460	150	95	610	90	945	330
Leicester Shire	15,130	620	1,415	4,100	530	6,665	840
East Midlands	87,370	2,385	4,705	6,590	1,830	15,515	4,870
Great Britain	1,167,990	29,750	100,025	87,745	31,920	249,440	84,415

Note: Figures are rounded to the nearest 5.

Table 6: Resident-based Claimant Count (JSA) Proportions by Ethnicity; August 2012.

Area	White	Mixed	Black or Black British	Asian or Asian British	Chinese or Other Ethnic Group	'Non White'
Blaby	1.3%	1.8%	2.7%	1.5%	1.3%	1.6%
Charnwood	1.5%	1.9%	1.3%	1.9%	1.3%	1.7%
Harborough	1.0%	1.0%	0.6%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%
Hinckley & Bosworth	1.5%	2.1%	1.9%	1.0%	1.4%	1.3%
Melton	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	2.5%	0.5%
NW Leicestershire	1.8%	1.7%	1.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.6%
Oadby & Wigston	1.4%	1.8%	1.8%	2.4%	1.4%	2.3%
Leicester City	3.4%	5.3%	11.4%	4.4%	4.6%	5.2%
Leicestershire County	1.4%	1.7%	1.5%	1.6%	1.1%	1.6%
Leicester Shire	1.9%	3.6%	7.8%	3.5%	3.0%	3.9%
East Midlands	2.2%	3.3%	6.6%	2.8%	3.1%	3.5%

Source: Office for National Statistics (Nomis). Proportions calculated by Leicestershire County Council using ONS mid-2009 experimental estimates of population by ethnic group and old working age population, published May 2010.

Table 7: Claimant Count (JSA) by Ethnicity, Gender and Age; August 2012.

					Ma	le			Fen	nale	
	Total	Previous month	Previous year	Aged <18	Aged 18-24	Aged 25-49	Aged 50+	Aged < 18	Aged 18-24	Aged 25-49	Aged 50+
Leicester Shire											
'White'	15,130	15,325	15,050	35	2,950	5,130	1,665	20	1,660	2,795	875
'Non-white'	6,665	6,655	6,590	5	1,145	2,455	660	0	775	1,215	410
Leicester City											
'White'	6,665	6,765	6,520	20	1,325	2,375	680	15	705	1,210	335
'Non-white'	5,715	5,700	5,655	0	975	2,150	565	0	660	1,020	345
Leicestershire County											
'White'	8,465	8,565	8,530	15	1,625	2,755	990	5	955	1,580	540
'Non-white'	940	945	920	0	165	305	95	0	115	195	65

Source: Office for National Statistics (Nomis)

Unemployment: International Labour Organisation (ILO) Definition

Official estimates of unemployment in the UK are obtained from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) using the internationally agreed International Labour Organisation (ILO) definition. The ILO definition is based on the number of people without jobs who are looking for and available to start work. The LFS unemployment figures which are subject to sampling differences are not available for smaller areas. The Claimant Count is released on a monthly basis and is available down to ward level, so is used as a more current indicator of unemployment levels.

Table 8: Unemployment Rates: ILO Definition; July 2011 - June 2012

	July 2011 - June 2012		July 2010 - June 2011	
Area	ILO Unemploy- ment Rate (working age)	Total Persons ILO Unemployed	ILO Unemploy- ment Rate (working age)	Total Persons ILO Unemployed
United Kingdom	8.2%	2,522,700	7.9%	2,394,300
East Midlands	8.3%	185,100	7.8%	172,300
Leicester Shire	8.6%	41,500	7.4%	34,700
Leicester City	13.5%	20,100	11.4%	16,500
Leicestershire County	6.4%	21,400	5.6%	18,200

Source: Labour Force Survey/Annual Population Survey, Office for National Statistics (Nomis)

Other Department for Work and Pensions Benefits Statistics

Job Seekers Allowance is one of a number of types of benefit which is related to worklessness, and recipients of this benefit constitute the most visible group of people who are out of work. However, many people have been diverted away from Job Seekers Allowance on to other benefits, the largest number being onto Incapacity Benefit. Nationally, the number of people claiming Incapacity Benefit is over three times the number of people out of work and claiming JSA.

The government recently published a Green Paper on welfare reform in which it is argued that to meet the goal of reaching a UK employment rate of 80%, more people on inactive benefits must be moved into work, particularly those who have been on benefits for a long time.

One method of classifying benefit claimants is by breaking them down into statistical groups. This presents the main reason why an individual is claiming benefit. Benefits are arranged hierarchically and claimants are assigned to the top most benefit which they receive. In this way each claimant only appears once, even though they may claim more than one benefit - the total number of working-age people who are claiming one or more key benefits is often used as a proxy for worklessness.

These figures are provided by the Department for Work and Pensions and are updated quarterly.

Table 9: Working-age people claiming one or more key DWP benefit by duration; February 2012

		All be			Duration (proportion of all claimants)				
Area	Number	Rate	Previous year number	Previous year rate	<6mths	6mths - Iyr	lyr - 2yrs	2yrs - 5yrs	+5yrs
Blaby	5,340	9.0	5,270	8.9	24%	10%	10%	17%	39%
Charnwood	10,810	9.6	10,700	9.5	25%	10%	10%	17%	38%
Harborough	3,920	7.5	3,780	7.2	25%	9%	10%	18%	39%
Hinckley & Bosworth	7,020	10.4	6,940	10.3	24%	10%	11%	17%	38%
Melton	2,870	9.2	2,710	8.7	26%	9%	10%	17%	36%
NW Leicestershire	6,990	12.1	6,880	11.9	23%	10%	11%	17%	39%
Oadby and Wigston	3,650	9.8	3,500	9.4	24%	11%	11%	17%	38%
-									
Leicester City	41,090	19.8	40,190	19.4	24%	11%	12%	17%	36%
Leicestershire County	40,590	9.7	39,770	9.5	24%	10%	10%	175	38%
Rutland	1,520	6.5	1,510	6.5	22%	10%	12%	15%	40%
East Midlands	416,190	14.4	404,840	14.0	23%	10%	11%	16%	39%
Great Britain	5,866,070	15.0	5,749,210	14.7	23%	11%	11%	16%	39%

Source: Department of Work and Pension (Nomis) - February 2012

Table 10: Benefit Claimants by Statistical Group - Main reason for claiming benefit; February 2012

	East Midlands		Leicester	City	Leicestershire County	
Statistical group	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Employment and Support Allowance & Incapacity Benefits	114,390	4.0%	13,010	6.3%	10,410	2.5%
Job Seeker	175,280	6.1%	16,070	7.7%	16,520	4.0%
Lone Parent	39,250	1.4%	4,380	2.1%	3,560	0.9%
Carer	36,360	1.3%	3,460	1.7%	3,980	1.0%
Disabled	32,990	1.1%	2,380	1.1%	3,910	0.9%
Others on income related benefit	12,150	0.4%	1,370	0.7%	1,340	0.3%
Bereaved	5,760	0.2%	420	0.2%	880	0.2%
Total	416,190	14.4%	41,090	19.8%	40,590	9.7%

Source: Department of Work and Pension (Nomis)

Note: Benefits are arranged hierarchically and claimants are assigned to the top most benefit they receive. Each claimant appears once only, even though some claim more than one benefit, permitting the estimation of the total number of people claiming one or more benefits. The Statistical Group hierarchy is a) Jobseeker b) ESA & Incapacity benefits c) Lone parents d) Carers e) Other income-related benefits f) Disabled g) Bereaved h) Housing Benefit i) receiving State Pension only. Thus a person who is a lone parent and receives Incapacity Benefit would be classified as receiving incapacity benefits. This is only one of the possible ways in which claimants could be classified and alternative classifications are possible.

For more information about DWP statistics and research www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/data_guide.asp

Definitions

Claimant Count - the count of claimants of unemployment related benefits is based on the administrative records of people claiming these benefits. Since October 1996 this has been the number of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance (JSA). The publication of claimant count figures is normally five weeks after the date to which they refer. The claimant count is accurate down to very small geographic areas and is unaffected by sampling variability since it is a 100% count. This means it can be used as an indicator of those without work down to small areas.

Resident-based Claimant Count Proportions - express the number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working age population resident in that area. Claimant count rates can also be expressed as a proportion of the workforce jobs in an area, however in smaller areas using workforce job-based rates can cause distortions in the rates caused by commuting patters. Using resident-based proportions avoids this distortion.

Unemployment (LFS ILO definition) - The definition of unemployment is internationally agreed and recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) - an agency of the United Nations. Many countries use this definition. By this definition unemployed people are:

- without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last 4 weeks and are available to start work in the next 2 weeks, or
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next 2 weeks

Unemployment Rate (LFS ILO definition) - expresses the number of unemployed people resident in an area as a percentage of the economically active working age population resident in that area.

Labour Force Survey - The Labour Force Survey is a random sample survey which is carried out throughout the UK. It is conducted every three months using around 53,000 households. The survey collects information about the personal circumstances and work of everyone living in these households. The Office for National Statistics (ONS) uses the Labour Force Survey as its source for unemployment data. Unemployment is measured through questions asked in the survey and not by interviewing everybody in the country. Answers are then weighted to represent everyone. As with any sample survey there is sampling variability and this is high for areas below regional level. Therefore, the figures are not reliable for small areas. Each month the ONS releases statistics on the number of people who are unemployed in the United Kingdom for the latest available 3-month rolling period.

Economically Active - people aged 16 or over who are either in employment or are unemployed (LFS ILO definition)

Economically Inactive - people aged 16 or over who are neither in employment nor unemployed (LFS ILO definition) - e.g. they do not have a job and do not want a job. This group includes, for example, those who are looking after the family and/or home or retired.

Working Age Population - Working age is defined as 16-64 for males and females. The working age population figures are derived from mid-year 2006 population estimates. This

Benefit Claimants Statistical Group - Benefits are arranged hierarchically and claimants are assigned to the top most benefit they receive. Each claimant appears once only, even though some claim more than one benefit, permitting the estimation of the total number of people claiming one or more benefits. The Statistical Group hierarchy is a) Jobseeker b) Incapacity benefits c) Lone parents d) Carers e) Other income-related benefits f) Disabled g) Bereaved h) Housing Benefit i) receiving State Pension only. Thus a person who is a lone parent and receives Incapacity Benefit would be classified as receiving incapacity benefits. The total number of working-age people who are claiming one or more key benefits is often used as a proxy for worklessness. This is only one of the possible ways in which claimants could be classified and alternative classifications are possible.

For further information on unemployment statistics please refer to the document entitled 'How exactly is unemployment measured?' which is produced by the Office for National Statistics: www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/unemployment.pdf

For further information about Department of Work and Pensions statistics and research: www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/data_guide.asp

Blaby District

Sept	ember 2012							
			Total	Last	Last	Male	Female	Total
	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)		month	year	%	%	%
		proportions)						
1	3 I UBFY	Blaby South	89	82	79	4.1	2.2	3.1
2	31UBFZ	Cosby with South Whetstone		50	42	2.3	1.2	1.7
3	31UBGA	Countesthorpe		89	78	2.6	1.6	2.1
4	3 I UBGB	Croft Hill		28	22	1.8	1.5	1.7
5	31UBGC	Ellis	62	68	77	2.0	1.8	1.9
6	31UBGD	Enderby and St. John's	68	71	64	3.0	1.8	2.4
7	31UBGE	Fairestone	69	68	55	3.5	1.5	2.5
8	31UBGF	Forest	62	75	64	1.6	1.1	1.4
9	31UBGG	Millfield	49	47	44	3.2	3.3	3.3
10	3 I UBGH	Muxloe	30	29	42	1.6	0.9	1.2
11	31UBGJ	Narborough and Littlethorpe	65	71	54	2.7	1.1	1.9
12	31UBGK	Normanton	21	20	34	1.6	1.0	1.3
13	31UBGL	North Whetstone	69	71	71	2.4	1.8	2.1
14	31UBGM	Pastures	47	46	52	1.8	1.2	1.5
15	31UBGN	Ravenhurst and Fosse	176	167	173	5.1	2.5	3.8
16	31UBGP	Saxondale	114	110	119	2.6	1.9	2.3
17	31UBGQ	Stanton and Flamville	100	104	90	2.6	1.8	2.2
18	31UBGR	Winstanley	117	107	109	2.7	2.0	2.4
		Blaby District	1,301	1,303	1,269	2.7	1.7	2.2

[#] These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Source: Office for National Statistics

	mant Count (J ember 2012	SA) Ward Data I	Charr	nwood Bo	rough			
			Total	Last month	Last year	Male	Female	Total
	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)			,	%	%	%
I	31UCGG	Anstey	86	90	95	2.9	1.5	2.2
2	31UCGH	Barrow and Sileby West	74	72	70	2.3	1.4	1.8
3	31UCGJ	Birstall Wanlip	80	75	83	2.5	2.2	2.4
4	31UCGK	Birstall Watermead	98	98	105	2.7	2.1	2.4
5	31UCGL	East Goscote	26	25	36	1.4	1.3	1.4
6	31UCGM	Forest Bradgate	25	25	23	1.3	0.9	1.1
7	31UCGN	Loughborough Ashby*	100	Ш	103	1.8	0.9	1.4
8	31UCGP	Loughborough Dishley and						
	2111666	Hathern*	106	110	82	3.1	1.9	2.5
9	3 IUCGQ	Loughborough Garendon*	94	83	91	3.1	1.7	2.4
10	3 I UCGR	Loughborough Hastings*	307	305	287	9.9	4.3	7.2
11	31UCGS	Loughborough Lemyngton*	188	185	188	5.1	3.1	4.1
12	3 IUCGT	Loughborough Nanpantan*	28	28	32	0.9	0.5	0.7
13	31UCGU	Loughborough Outwoods*	41	42	35	1.3	1.1	1.2
14	31UCGW	Loughborough Shelthorpe*	169	178	184	3.9	2.9	3.4
15	31UCGX	Loughborough Southfields*	83	85	116	1.8	1.2	1.5
16	3 IUCGY	Loughborough Storer*	126	120	101	3.0	1.8	2.4
17	31UCGZ	Mountsorrel	97	98	127	2.7	1.5	2.1
18	3 IUCHA	Queniborough	32	31	35	2.0	1.5	1.8
19	31UCHB	Quorn and Mountsorrel Castle	63	66	76	2.1	1.0	1.5
20	31UCHC	Rothley and Thurcaston	50	48	54	1.7	1.0	1.3
21	31UCHD	Shepshed East	84	96	105	2.5	1.4	1.9
22	31UCHE	Shepshed West	86	86	82	2.7	1.2	1.9
23	31UCHF	Sileby	88	93	109	2.3	1.3	1.8
24	31UCHG	Syston East	101	114	112	2.9	2.2	2.6
25	31UCHH	Syston West	109	114	116	2.8	2.2	2.5
26	31UCHJ	The Wolds	12	17	17	0.4	0.8	0.6
27	31UCHK	Thurmaston	216	232	217	4.2	3.0	3.6
28	31UCHL	Wreake Villages	20	22	15	1.5	0.8	1.1
		Charnwood Borough *Loughborough including	2,589	2,649	2,696	2.8	1.8	2.3
		Hathern	1242	1247	1219	3.3	2.0	2.7

[#] These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Market Town geographies defined by Leicestershire County Council and figures calculated using ONS Claimant Count (JSA) figures and denominators.

Source: Office for National Statistics

Claimant Count (JSA) Ward Data			Harborough District					
Septo	ember 2012		Total	Last month	Last year	Male	Female	Total
	Code	Wards (resident-based				%	%	%
		proportions)						
	31UDGD	Billesdon	9	10	17	1.1	0.5	0.8
2	31UDGE	Bosworth	16	21	20	1.4	0.6	1.0
3	31UDGF	Broughton Astley - Astley	30	24	21	2.4	1.4	1.9
4	3 IUDGG	Broughton Astley - Broughton	32	24	26	1.6	1.9	1.7
5	31UDGH	Broughton Astley - Primethorpe	23	20	19	2.4	1.5	2.0
6	3 IUDGJ	Broughton Astley - Sutton	27	24	22	2.9	1.1	2.0
7	31UDGK	Dunton	19	18	14	1.6	0.9	1.2
8	31UDGL	Fleckney	44	39	58	1.9	0.9	1.4
9	31UDGM	Glen	37	34	39	2.0	0.9	1.4
10	31UDGN	Kibworth	58	65	81	1.7	1.4	1.5
11	31UDGP	Lubenham	23	23	27	1.0	1.1	1.1
12	31UDGQ	Lutterworth Brookfield	12	12	16	1.0	0.7	0.8
13	31UDGR	Lutterworth Orchard	18	26	23	1.3	1.5	1.4
14	31UDGS	Lutterworth Springs	26	31	36	2.5	1.2	1.9
15	31UDGT	Lutterworth Swift	28	30	38	2.5	1.0	1.8
16	31UDGU	Market Harborough - Great Bowden*	77	86	93	2.0	1.5	1.7
17	31UDGW	Market Harborough - Little						
	21115624	Bowden*	27	37	42	0.7	1.0	0.8
18	3 IUDGX	Market Harborough - Logan*	33	38	39	1.5	1.3	1.4
19	3 IUDGY	Market Harborough - Welland*	84	99	73	2.8	1.8	2.3
20 21	31UDGZ 31UDHA	Misterton Nevill	20	21	24	1.5	1.0	1.2
22	31UDHB		10	14	9	1.0	0.4	0.7
23	31UDHC	Peatling Thurnby and Houghton	15	15	21	1.3	0.8	1.1
24	31UDHC	Tilton	98 14	86	92 18	3.2	2.0	2.6
25	31UDHE	Ullesthorpe	20	16	27	1.7 1.4	0.5	1.1
23	JIODIIL	Harborough District	800	24 837	895	1.4	1.3	1.4
		_						
		* Market Harborough	221	260	247	1.8	1.4	1.6

[#] These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Market Town geographies defined by Leicestershire County Council and figures calculated using ONS Claimant Count (JSA) figures and denominators.

Source: Office for National Statistics

Hinckley & Bosworth Borough

Sep	tember 20	12		_				
_			Total	Last	Last	Male	Female	Total
				month	year			
	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)				%	%	%
I	3 I UEFU	Ambien	33	37	38	1.6	1.5	1.5
2	3 I UEFW	Barlestone Nailstone & Osbaston	42	40	28	1.9	2.0	2.0
3	3 I UEFX	Barwell	206	211	197	4.6	2.4	3.5
4	3 I UEFY	Burbage St. Catherines & Lash Hill*	114	108	89	4.3	2.6	3.4
5	3 I UEFZ	Burbage Sketchley and Stretton*	82	84	94	2.1	0.8	1.4
6	31UEGA	Cadeby Carlton & Market Bosworth	22	32	23	1.5	0.6	1.0
7	31UEGB	Earl Shilton*	261	258	258	5.6	2.9	4.2
8	3 I UEGC	Groby	73	67	86	2.2	1.1	1.7
9	31UEGD	Hinckley Castle*	163	164	185	4.3	3.2	3.8
10	3 I UEGE	Hinckley Clarendon*	145	148	166	2.8	2.3	2.6
11	31UEGF	Hinckley De Montfort*	167	150	159	3.3	2.1	2.7
12	31UEGG	Hinckley Trinity*	145	139	151	4.8	2.0	3.4
13	31UEGH	Markfield Stanton and Fieldhead	41	50	46	1.9	0.6	1.2
14	3 I UEGJ	Newbold Verdon with Desford &						
		Peckleton	102	93	101	2.7	1.3	2.0
15	31UEGK	Ratby Bagworth and Thornton	68	85	97	2.0	1.1	1.5
16	3 I UEGL	Twycross & Witherley with Sheepy	15	15	22	0.9	0.7	0.8
		Hinckley & Bosworth District	1,679	1,681	1,740	3.2	1.8	2.5
		* Hinckley (inc. Burbage & Earl Shilton)	1077	1051	1102	3.8	2.2	3.0

[#] These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Market Town geographies defined by Leicestershire County Council and figures calculated using ONS Claimant Count (JSA) figures and denominators.

Source: Office for National Statistics

Claimant Count (JSA) Ward Data September 2012			Leices	ster City				
-	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)	Total	Last month	Last year	Male %	Female	Total %
		proporcions)						
1	00FNNF	Abbey	709	730	719	10.0	5.8	7.9
2	00FNNG	Aylestone	341	346	338	6.4	3.3	4.9
3	00FNNH	Beaumont Leys	786	801	830	9.4	4.9	7.1
4	00FNNJ	Belgrave	461	464	511	7.5	4.7	6.1
5	00FNNK	Braunstone Park & Rowley Fields	829	814	798	9.7	5.5	7.5
6	00FNNL	Castle	824	828	850	6.5	2.8	4.7
7	00FNNM	Charnwood	667	675	648	11.0	5.8	8.3
8	00FNNN	Coleman	636	644	596	9.4	4.5	7.0
9	00FNNP	Evington	275	273	286	5.5	3.2	4.3
10	00FNNQ	Eyres Monsell	564	565	492	10.5	6.1	8.2
11	00FNNR	Fosse	502	478	449	7.1	4.6	5.9
12	00FNNS	Freemen	586	546	556	11.0	5.1	7.9
13	00FNNT	Humberstone and Hamilton	496	519	490	5.2	3.5	4.3
14	00FNNU	Knighton	287	295	341	3.9	1.9	2.9
15	00FNNW	Latimer	455	445	448	5.9	4.7	5.3
16	00FNNX	New Parks	785	797	814	10.0	5.5	7.7
17	00FNNY	Rushey Mead	45 I	469	446	5.1	3.3	4.2
18	00FNNZ	Spinney Hills	113 4	1170	1177	10.4	5.7	8.1
19	00FNPA	Stoneygate	915	899	837	9.0	4.8	7.0
20	00FNPB	Thurncourt	338	331	322	8.1	3.4	5.7
21	00FNPC	Westcotes	510	531	494	8.9	4.2	6.7
22	00FNPD	Western Park	277	280	298	6.2	2.3	4.3
		Leicester	12,828	12,900	12,740	8.0	4.4	6.2

[#] These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Source: Office for National Statistics

Melton Borough

Sept	tember 201	2						
			Total	Last	Last	Male	Female	Total
	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)		month	year	%	%	%
I	31UGFT	Asfordby	62	65	51	3.8	2.3	3.0
2	31UGFU	Bottesford	25	33	38	1.6	0.9	1.2
3	31UGFW	Croxton Kerrial	10	8	15	1.2	0.5	0.9
4	31UGFX	Frisby-on-the-Wreake	10	10	18	0.8	1.1	0.9
5	3 IUGFY	Gaddesby	10	11	21	1.6	#	1.0
6	3 IUGFZ	Long Clawson and Stathern	35	40	40	1.7	1.0	1.3
7	31UGGA	Melton Craven*	97	89	67	5.8	2.7	4.2
8	31UGGB	Melton Dorian*	68	70	68	2.0	1.9	1.9
9	31UGGC	Melton Egerton*	101	104	93	5.3	3.1	4.2
10	31UGGD	Melton Newport*	76	77	68	3.3	1.7	2.5
П	31UGGE	Melton Sysonby*	82	80	64	2.7	2.1	2.4
12	31UGGF	Melton Warwick*	70	76	59	4.4	2.0	3.2
13	31UGGG	Old Dalby	10	15	21	0.8	0.8	0.8
14	31UGGH	Somerby	14	13	11	1.9	0.5	1.2
15	31UGGJ	Waltham-on-the-Wolds	13	14	14	1.9	0.8	1.3
16	31UGGK	Wymondham	14	15	22	1.5	1.2	1.4
		Melton Borough	697	720	670	2.8	1.7	2.2
		* Melton Mowbray	494	496	419	3.7	2.2	2.9

[#] These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Market Town geographies defined by Leicestershire County Council and figures calculated using ONS Claimant Count (JSA) figures and denominators.

Source: Office for National Statistics

Claimant Count (JSA) Ward Data **North West Leicestershire District** September 2012 **Total** Last Male Female Total Last month year % Code Wards (resident-based % % proportions) 31UHFZ **Appleby** 15 16 18 1.6 0.6 1.1 I Ashby Castle* 19 2 3 IUHGA 17 15 1.6 0.0 1.1 3 31UHGB Ashby Holywell* 89 100 76 2.9 2.5 2.7 Ashby Ivanhoe* 1.9 4 31UHGC 65 70 62 2.9 2.4 Bardon** 44 2.0 5 31UHGD 44 47 2.1 1.8 Breedon 6 31UHGE 17 17 21 1.2 1.1 1.1 7 31UHGF Castle Donington 108 94 97 2.8 2.0 2.4 Coalville** 8 3 IUHGG 144 156 148 5.4 2.9 **4**. I 3 IUHGH Greenhill** 225 233 228 7.0 4.0 5.4 10 3 IUHGJ Hugglescote** 76 71 74 2.8 2.2 2.5 Ibstock and Heather 118 122 2.7 П 3 IUHGK 121 3.6 1.8 12 31UHGL Kegworth and Whatton 51 56 59 2.5 0.9 1.7 Measham 13 3 IUHGM 93 102 89 4.1 1.7 2.9 2.6 14 3 IUHGN Moira 76 68 69 3.6 1.6 15 31UHGP Oakthorpe and Donisthorpe 46 49 47 2.9 2.5 2.7 16 3 IUHGQ Ravenstone and Packington 27 29 29 2.3 0.0 1.8 Snibston** 99 17 31UHGR 112 108 3.9 2.0 3.0 3 I UHGS Thringstone** 72 73 71 2.7 18 3.7 1.7 19 **Valley** 67 75 3.4 1.6 2.5 31UHGT 7 I 20 31UHGU Whitwick** 92 105 102 2.3 2.0 2.2 NW Leicestershire District 1,548 1,598 1,558 3.4 2.0 2.7 * Ashby de la Zouch 171 185 157 2.1 1.4 1.7

Market Town geographies defined by Leicestershire County Council and figures calculated using ONS Claimant Count (JSA) figures and denominators.

752

797

775

3.6

2.2

2.9

** Coalville

Source: Office for National Statistics

[#] These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Oadby & Wigston Borough

Sept	ember 20 l	2						
			Total	Last	Last	Male	Female	Total
	Code	W ards (resident-based proportions)		month	year	%	%	%
- 1	3 I UJFL	Oadby Brocks Hill*	45	46	48	2.0	1.7	1.9
2	3 I UJFM	Oadby Grange*	55	60	62	1.2	0.9	1.1
3	3 IUJFN	Oadby St. Peter's*	88	91	90	3.8	3.3	3.5
4	3 I UJFP	Oadby Uplands*	71	74	78	3.5	1.5	2.5
5	31UJFQ	Oadby Woodlands*	71	59	65	2.4	2.1	2.2
6	31UJFR	South Wigston	203	208	211	5.2	3. I	4.1
7	3 I UJFS	Wigston All Saints**	92	92	112	3.5	1.3	2.4
8	3 I UJFT	Wigston Fields**	144	140	125	4.3	2.4	3.4
9	31UJFU	Wigston Meadowcourt**	108	105	95	3.6	1.4	2.5
10	31UJFW	Wigston St. Wolstan's**	81	84	80	2.6	1.5	2.0
		Oadby & Wigston Borough	958	959	966	3.2	1.9	2.6
		* Oadby		330	3 4 3	2.4	1.8	2.1
		** Wigston	425	421	412	4.3	2.0	3.2

[#] These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Market Town geographies defined by Leicestershire County Council and figures calculated using ONS Claimant Count (JSA) figures and denominators.

Source: Office for National Statistics

Se	ptember 2012	, 						
			Total	Last month	Last	Male I	Female	Total
	Code	Wards (resident-based proportions)		month	year	%	%	%
I	00FPMS	Braunston and Belton	7	11	13	0.8	0.9	0.8
2	00FPMT	Cottesmore	20	21	14	1.1	0.8	0.9
3	00FPMU	Exton	14	П	17	1.8	0.6	1.2
4	00FPMVV	Greetham	- 11	13	12	0.7	0.7	0.7
5	00FPMX	Ketton	20	17	24	1.8	0.9	1.3
6	00FPMY	Langham	10	12	10	1.0	1.5	1.2
7	00FPMZ	Lyddington	7	9	5	1.4	#	0.8

6

19

21

44

21

26

28

57

320

112

9

Rutland

6

17

26

42

21

26

31

64

10

337

115

5

8

16

24

39

28

24

34

53

329

115

8

1.3

8.0

1.5

3.1

1.9

3.0

2.4

2.8

1.3

1.7

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#

1.0

0.6

1.6

1.3

1.1

0.7

1.3

1.0

1.0

1.1

8.0

0.9

0.9

1.1

2.3

1.6

2.0

1.6

2.0

1.1

1.4

1.6

These figures are suppressed as value is 1 or 2.

Market Town geographies defined by Leicestershire County Council and figures calculated using ONS Claimant Count (JSA) figures and denominators.

Normanton

Uppingham

Rutland

*Oakham

Whissendine

Martinsthorpe

Oakham North East*

Oakham North West*

Oakham South East*

Oakham South West*

Ryhall and Casterton

Source: Office for National Statistics

Claimant Count (JSA) Ward Data

00FPNA

00FPNB

00FPNC

00FPND

00FPNE

00FPNF

00FPNG

00FPNH

00FPNJ

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16