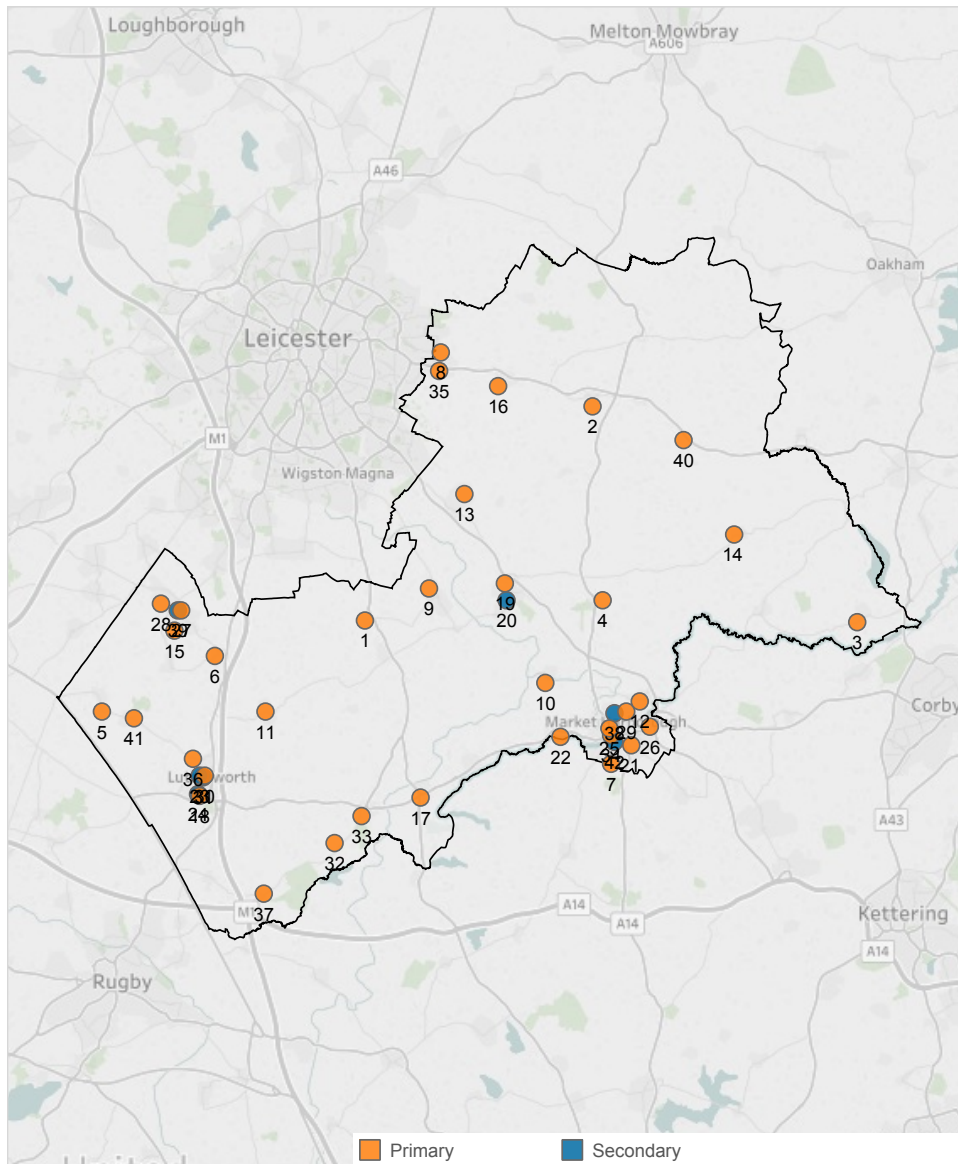


School Health Profile 2017/18

Harborough



This profile provides a picture of child health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services professionals understand the needs of children in order to improve children's health and reduce health inequalities.



- 1 Arnesby C of E Primary School
- 2 Billesdon C of E Primary School
- 3 Bringhurst Primary School
- 4 Church Langton C of E Primary School
- 5 Claybrooke Primary School
- 6 Dunton Bassett Primary School
- 7 Farndon Fields Primary School
- 8 Fernvale Primary School
- 9 Fleckney C of E Primary School
- 10 Foxton Primary School
- 11 Gilmorton Chandler C of E Primary School
- 12 Great Bowden C of E Primary School
- 13 Great Glen St Cuthbert's C of E Primary School
- 14 Hallaton C of E Primary School
- 15 Hallbrook Primary School
- 16 Houghton-On-The-Hill C of E Primary School
- 17 Husbands Bosworth C of E Primary School
- 18 John Wycliffe Primary School
- 19 Kibworth C of E Primary School
- 20 Kibworth High School & Community Technology Col
- 21 Little Bowden School
- 22 Lubenham All Saints C of E Primary School
- 23 Lutterworth College
- 24 Lutterworth High School
- 25 Market Harborough C of E Academy
- 26 Meadowdale Primary School
- 27 Old Mill Primary School
- 28 Orchard C of E Primary School
- 29 Ridgeway Primary Academy
- 30 Sherrier C of E Primary School
- 31 Sir Frank Whittle Studio School
- 32 South Kilworth C of E Primary School
- 33 St Andrew's C of E Primary School
- 34 St Joseph's Catholic Voluntary Academy
- 35 St Luke's C of E Primary School
- 36 St Mary's C of E Primary School
- 37 Swinford C of E Primary School
- 38 The Robert Smyth Academy
- 39 Thomas Estley Community College
- 40 Tugby C of E Primary School
- 41 Ullesthorpe C of E Primary School
- 42 Welland Park Academy

Key Statistics

The health and wellbeing of children in Leicestershire is generally better than the England average. The level of child poverty is better than the England average. Children in Leicestershire have better than average levels of obesity. In 2016/17, 22.3% of five year olds had one or more decayed, filled or missing teeth, this was similar to the England average. A similar proportion of children to the England average are judged to have achieved a good level of development at the end of the foundation stage. The teenage pregnancy rate is better than the England average.

- * Deprivation is lower than average in Harborough and life expectancy for both men and women is better than the England average.
- * Although the proportion of children living in poverty is better than the England average, 1010 children still live under this circumstance.
- * Harborough has 35 primary and 7 secondary schools. 12900 pupils attend these schools and 51.3% are male.
- * Hospital admissions caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries in children are better than the England average in 2016/17
- * In Reception, 187 children were classified as overweight or obese in 2016/17. In Year 6, this rises to 236 children.
- * Levels of teenage pregnancy are better than the England average, however 12 teenagers became pregnant in 2016.

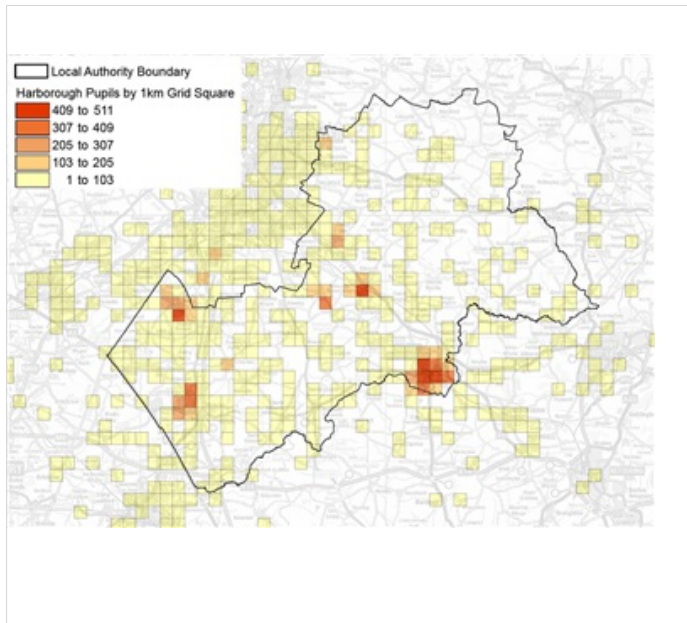
School Demographics

Key Figures

	BME %	English as additional language	FSM %	SEN Support %	SEN Statement %
Harborough	10.4%	3.4%	4.4%	8.4%	0.7%
Leicestershire	18.0%	7.4%	7.6%	10.3%	2.7%

Child Residence

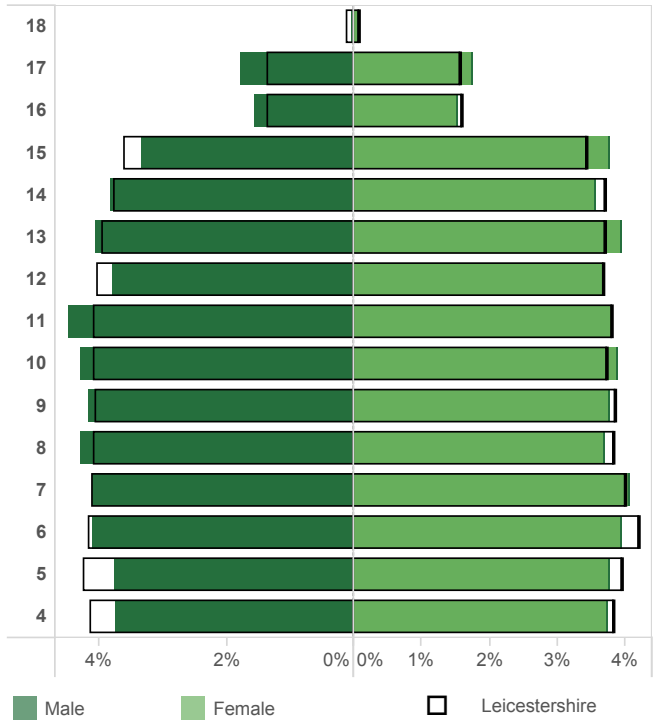
This map shows the child's residence of those attending schools in this area. Darker colour areas have the most children attending these schools.



Produced by the Strategic Business Intelligence Team, Leicestershire County Council.
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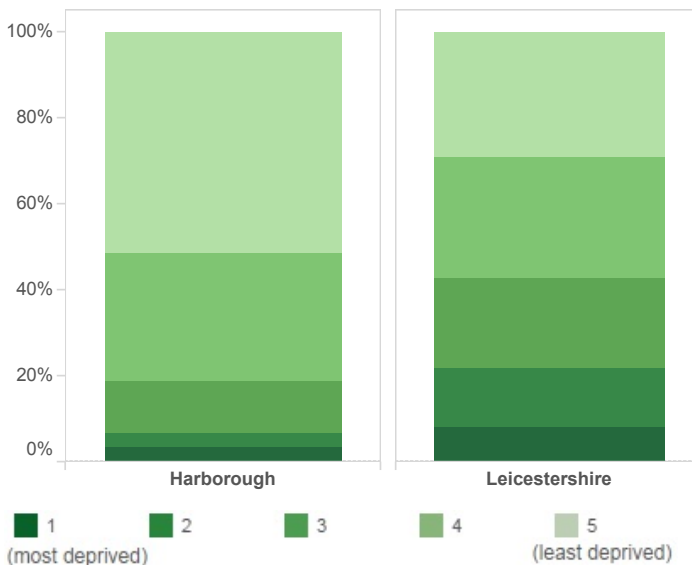
Age Profile

This chart shows the age profile of pupils attending schools in this area, compared to age profile of all school children in Leicestershire.



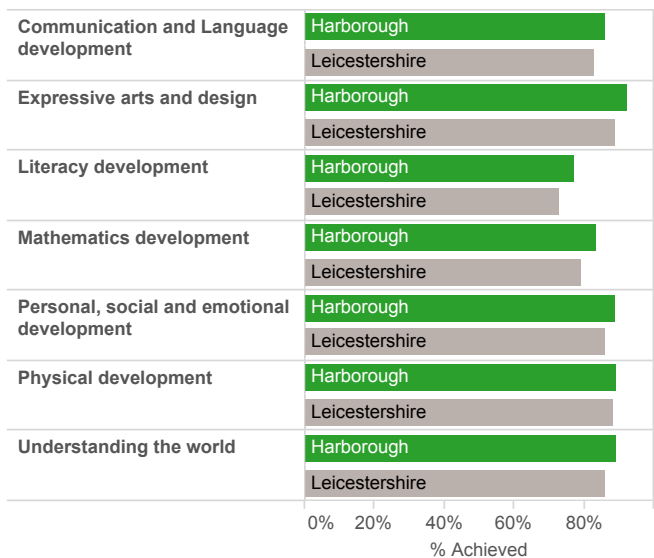
Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index

The index measures the proportion of children under the age of 16 that live in low income households. This chart shows of those children that attend a school in this district, the percentage that live in each national quintile compared to the Leicestershire average.



School Readiness

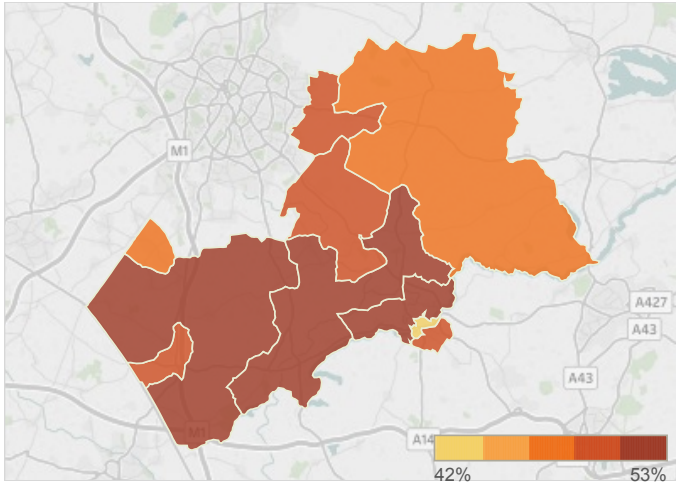
School readiness is a measure of how prepared a child is to succeed in school, cognitively, socially and emotionally. Just as there is an achievement gap in school performance, there is a development gap that separates disadvantaged children from their more affluent peers when being ready for school.



Educational Achievement

Attainment 8 Map

Attainment 8 is the students' average achievement across eight subjects including English and Maths. Attainment 8 is replacing the old 5 A*-C GCSE's including English and Maths measure

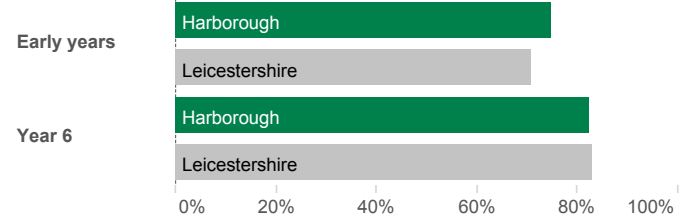


Achievement Throughout School Journey

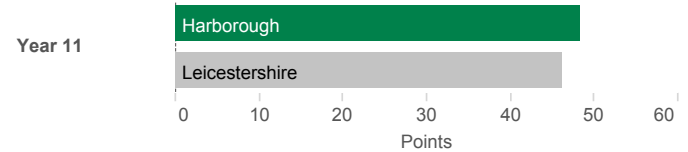
Educational achievement across school years based on district of residence

Early years: % of pupils achieving a good level of development
Year 6: % of pupils achieving the expected level in English and Maths
Year 11: Students measure of achievement across eight subjects

Primary

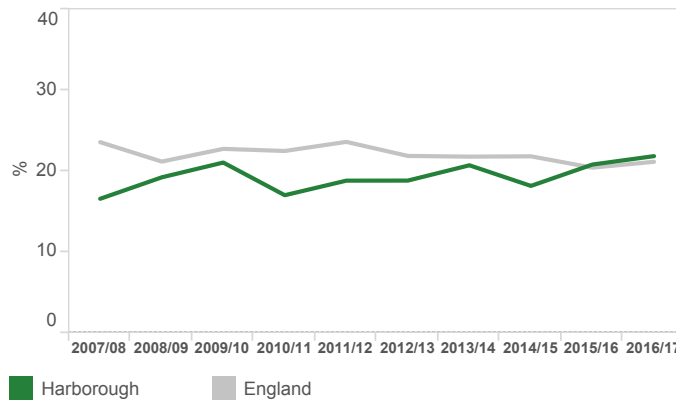


Secondary

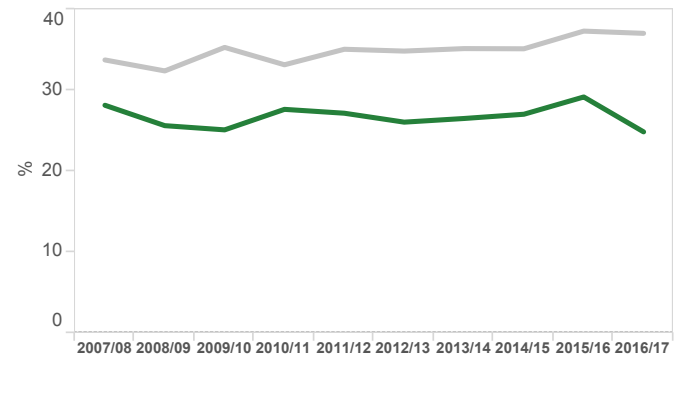


Health Improvement

Reception Pupils: Percentage Overweight (inc. Obese)



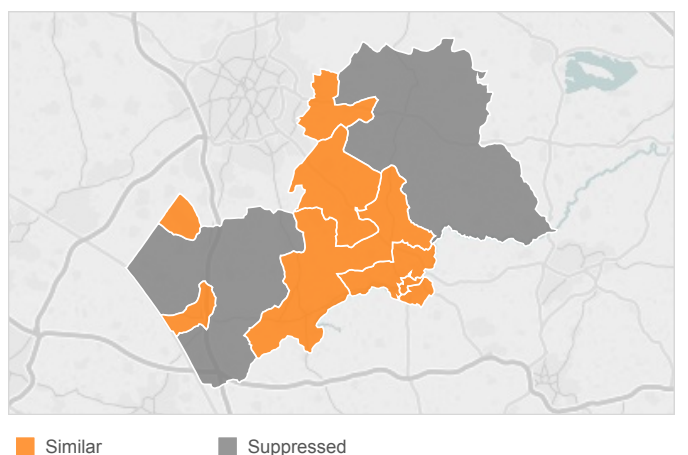
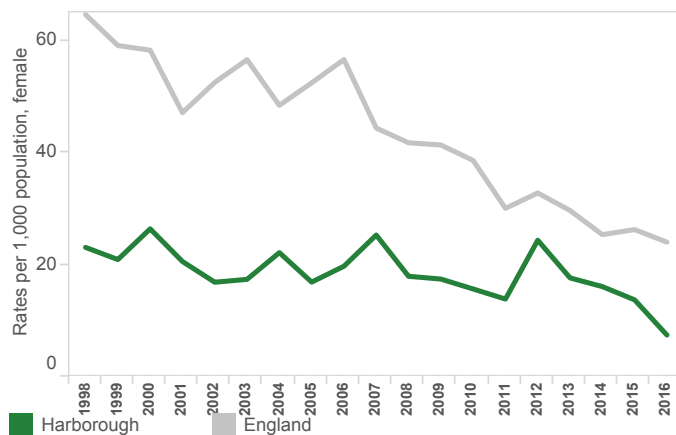
Year 6 Pupils: Percentage Overweight (inc. Obese)



Teenage Pregnancy (aged 15-17 years)

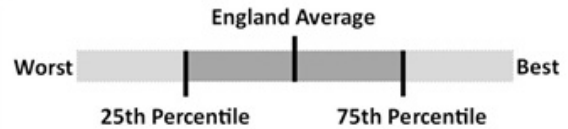
Research evidence, particularly from longitudinal studies, shows that teenage pregnancy is associated with poorer outcomes for both young parents and their children.

This map shows any significant difference in teenage pregnancy rates in this area compared to England at MSOA level.



Child Health Summary for Harborough

The chart below shows how the health of children in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average for England is shown by the black line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.



Indicator Name	Local Number	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst /Lowest	England Range	Eng Best/ Highest
1. Children in poverty (under 16s)	1,010	6.7	16.8	30.5		2.7
2. Low birth weight of term babies	12	1.6	2.8	5.8		0.7
3. Smoking status at time of delivery	52	7.3	10.7	28.1		2.3
4. Breastfeeding initiation	543	77.5	74.5	37.9		96.7
5. Free from obvious dental decay in children aged 5	207	83.4	76.7	50.6		95.6
6. Excess weight in 4-5 year olds	187	21.9	22.6	31.5		14.7
7. Obesity in 4-5 year olds	70	8.2	9.6	14.4		4.6
8. Severe obesity in 4-5 year olds	14	1.6	2.3	4.7		0.7
9. Excess weight in 10-11 year olds	236	24.9	34.2	43.9		21.2
10. Obesity in 10-11 year olds	109	11.5	20.0	29.2		8.8
11. Severe obesity in 10-11 year olds	7	0.7	4.1	7.8		0.7
12. GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	636	68.7	57.8	44.8		78.7
13. Pupil absence - % half days missed	169,357	4.3	4.7	6.0		2.5
14. Unpaid carer (under 15s) (%)	145	0.9	1.1	1.9		0.0
15. Under 18 conceptions	12	7.4	18.8	36.7		3.3
16. Under 18s conceptions leading to abortions (%)	8	66.7	51.8	21.2		94.7
17. Infant mortality	5	2.0	3.9	7.9		0.0
18. Emergency admissions in under 5s	1,235	90.4	149.2	289.9		60.5
19. A&E attendances in under 5s	5,947	435.3	551.6	1,761.7		147.6
20. Hospital stays for unintentional and deliberate injuries (0-4)	43	92.8	126.3	268.6		47.3
21. Hospital stays for unintentional and deliberate injuries (0-14)	121	77.7	101.5	190.5		43.3
22. Alcohol-specific hospital stays (under 18s)	15	26.6	34.2	100.0		6.5
23. Mental health disorders in 5-16 year olds (estimated) (%)	1,031	7.9	9.2	7.0		11.0

Indicator Notes

- Percentage of children in low income families, 2015
- % of all live births at term with low birth weight, 2016
- Smoking status at time of delivery - Current Method (%), 2016/17
- % of all mothers who breastfeed their babies in the first 48hrs after delivery, 2016/17
- Percentage of 5 year olds who are free from obvious dental decay, 2016/17
- Child excess weight in 4-5 and 10-11 year olds - 4-5 year olds (%), 2016/17
- Prevalence of obesity (including severe obesity) among children in Reception (%), 2016/17
- Prevalence of severe obesity among children in Reception (%), 2016/17
- Child excess weight in 4-5 and 10-11 year olds - 10-11 year olds (%), 2016/17
- Prevalence of obesity (including severe obesity) among children in Year 6 (%), 2016/17
- Prevalence of severe obesity among children in Year 6 (%), 2016/17
- GCSE achieved 5A*-C including English & Maths (%), 2015/16
- % of half days missed by pupils due to overall absence (incl. authorised and unauthorised absence), 2016/17
- Children providing care: % children aged <15 who provide unpaid care, 2011
- Rate of conceptions per 1,000 females aged 15-17 per 1000 population, 2016
- Under 18s conceptions leading to abortions (%), 2016
- Infant mortality - Rate of deaths in infants aged under 1 year per 1,000 live births per 1000 population, 2014 - 16
- Emergency admissions in under 5s per 1000 population, 2013/14 - 15/16
- A&E attendances in under 5s per 1000 population, 2013/14 - 15/16
- Rate of hospital admissions caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries in children aged 0-4 years per 10,000 resident population, 2016/17
- Rate of hospital admissions caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries in children aged 0-14 years per 10,000 resident population, 2016/17
- Admission episodes for alcohol-specific conditions - Under 18s per 100,000, 2014/15 - 16/17
- Estimated prevalence of mental health disorders in children and young people: % population aged 5-16, 2015